Second Edition

Newport Daily News.

Second Edition

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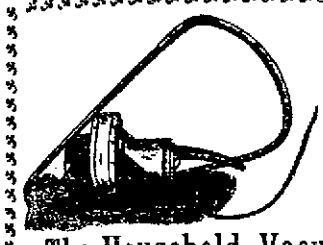

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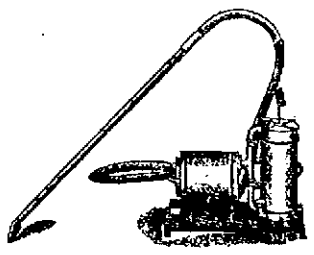

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Sunfast Holland, fine texture, smooth finish, size 36x72 inches, all colors complete with fixtures... **39c**

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Extra quality imported China silk, 27 in. wide, black, white and all the desirable colors, pr. yd... **39c**

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Japanese Screens
Two-fold bamboo frames, Native cloth, painted by hand in three colors, blue green, red. $1.00 value **39c**

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Is mechanically screened under cover, loaded from overhead, and is always clean.

A trial makes a customer.

NEWPORT COAL COMPANY.

Phone 222 or 223. Opposite Postoffice.

GERMANS TO SEND OUT EXPEDITION.

To Enter Contest in Race Through the Antarctic.

Three Countries to Fight for Discovery of South Pole.

BERLIN, March 5.—The German Geographical Society has decided to fit out a South Polar discovery expedition and so contest with the United States and Great Britain in the race through the Antarctic. The German plans were made public tonight at a meeting of the society, at which Dr. N. Otto G. Nordenskjold, the Antarctic explorer, was present.

REMINISCENCES OF SERVICES.

Colonel Gordon, Former Senator Tells of Experience in That Body.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Some reminiscences of his services in the United States Senate were given by Colonel James Gordon, until recently a member from Mississippi at a smoker of the Commercial Club last night. "The United States Senate is composed of the finest lot of men that I have ever had the pleasure of associating with" said Colonel Gordon. "If there are any grafters in the Senate I could not find them. They are an honest and a hard working set of men; they work so hard its no place for an old fellow like me. The very first time I voted it was for a Republican measure. When my colleagues on the Democratic side told me that I had done so, I told them I was sorry to have made such a blunder, but I had listened to the speeches and had found that the Republican side sounded best to me, and so I followed them. I said if they wanted me to vote the other way in the future they would have to find some better speakers."

Established 1882. Tel. 79.

We have determined to continue the sale of the goods of the **GORHAM ART COMPANY** for a few days longer at the **UNPRECEDENTED DISCOUNT OF FIFTY PER CENT on ALL PICTURES, ITALIAN POTTERY, MIRRORS, etc.**

Examine our unique display of COLONIAL GLASSWARE at reasonable prices which cannot be obtained elsewhere.

We are offering FIRST QUALITY WILTON AND AXMINSTER RUGS IN ORIENTAL PATTERNS of great beauty at prices usually asked for second or third qualities.

WINTER PRICES STILL PREVAIL in our beautiful line of ORIENTAL RUGS; A good time to buy.

Several odd bureaus and chiffoniers will be disposed of at AN ABSURDLY LOW PRICE in order to make room.

A beautiful line of IMPORTED PILLOW TOPS on exhibition.

SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK; GENUINE SHANTUNG PONGEE, 36 INCHES WIDE **98c a yard.**

THE KAZANJIAN COMPANY.

KAZANJIAN BUILDING. A. H. BOZYAN, Mgr.

GENERAL STRIKE IN FULL SWING.

Most Extensive Demonstration in City's History.

Action Peaceable and Police Have Little Trouble.

PHILADELPHIA, March 5.—Philadelphia today is experiencing the most extensive labor demonstration in its history, the long-heralded general strike, in sympathy with the striking street car men. Declared to be the first general strike ever called in this country, the movement of organized labor, thus made memorable, was further notable for the fact that no disorder attended the walkout. The street car service was as good as on any day this week, 1,013 cars, according to the company, being operated in the early hours.

The strike call was responded to by many thousands of workers, but their action was peaceable and the police, who had anticipated trouble, were greatly relieved to find nothing more serious than a trivial affair at one of the trolley power houses to occupy them. While large gaps were found in the working force of many of the city's big industrial plants today, the extent and wide distribution of the city's industrial life made it difficult to determine even approximately the number of men responding to the general strike call. Estimates varied from the 20,000 figures of Director of Public Safety Clay to the claim of 75,000 made by the labor leaders. These last put forth, moreover, the added claim that only a beginning had been made. By tonight, the labor leaders asserted, thousands more employed in various industries would lay down their tools and Monday would find the city practically tied up.

One thing seemed certain, however, as the day wore on, and that was that the walkout was confined almost exclusively to the ranks of organized labor.

The appeal of the strike leaders to the city's non-union workers has not been heeded. Thus the tie-up appears to be far less complete than the sanguine labor leaders hoped. The workers in the organized industries of Philadelphia far outnumber the men who are members of union organizations.

The strike, it was early seen, was confined largely to the textile industry and the building trades, where the workers are most strongly organized. The claim was made by the president of the textile branch of the Central Union body that 21,000 men were out in that industry alone. President W. J. Tracy of the Allied Building Trades asserted that in this branch of labor 30,000 went out.

In the central part of the city the first to feel the effect of the order was the users of public hacks and taxicabs. Some of the riders in these vehicles were surprised when the clocks struck midnight, by being politely informed by their driver that they would have to walk the remainder of the way. Even the non-union "cabbies," whether from sympathy with the carmen or fear of injury to their teams at the hands of their union comrades, withdrew from the streets. The drivers of the few taxicab services in the city joined the ranks of the strikers and many late diners out were unable to secure conveyances to take them home. Several union trades, however, remained at work, among them the printers, whose committee voted not to join the strike, although many of the jobmen were anxious to join in the general demonstration. Philadelphia thus will not be deprived of its newspapers. The waiters in the fashionable hotels and cafes did not make a strong showing. Although a few walked out the majority of those employed in the big hotels continued to wait on tables after midnight.

More than the tie-up of business, the authorities fear the thronging of the thousands of idle persons on the streets and the disorder that always ensues. Since the trolley strike was inaugurated two weeks ago today, the greatest disturbances occurred on the days when work was generally suspended, Sundays and Saturday afternoon. A great meeting of organized labor in historic Independence Hall at 3 o'clock today, to "peacably participate in a demonstration in behalf of the Carmen's Union now on strike," has been prohibited by a proclamation issued by the mayor because a permit had not been applied for to hold the demonstration. It has so been planned that a monster street parade should follow the meeting.

The mayor, in the proclamation says "The hour of this assembly is fixed at 3 o'clock. No application has been presented for a permit, nor has permission has been granted by lawful authority for the assembly."

The mayor then reiterated his proclamation, issued February 20, calling upon persons using the streets to strictly observe the law in these respects; to use the streets for travel only; to make no unnecessary stops thereon; not to loiter upon the streets; not to collect or join in crowds; to make no outcries, nor use insulting language; to peacably move on about one's business. Continuing the mayor said:

"The intended assembly will be in violation of said proclamation and would endanger the public safety. All law-abiding citizens are warned against assembling in Independence Hall or in the vicinity thereof, or on the highways or any open property adjacent thereon, or in any other open locality as the police have been ordered to disperse any and all such assemblages."

The Rapid Transit Company has nearly 1,000 street cars in operation today, out of a total of more than 2,000, but the cars are not carrying the same number of passengers as on other days of this week. The big strike has made thousands of people apprehensive of trouble and they are not risking personal injury by riding on the cars.

The number of men on strike cannot possibly be ascertained. Labor leaders say they will not know until tomorrow or Monday. Director of Public Safety Clay says not more than 20,000 walked out. The only claim that the strike leaders will make is that 15,000 workers are out.

Officials at the city hall and a Rapid Transit representative scoffed at the idea that 75,000 persons had gone out. They said mills in Kensington were still working and that such great plants as Baiwins, Cramps, the Midvale Steel Works, and other large industrial establishments had not been crippled. The shifts of men were changed between midnight and morning. These plants, however, are open shop concerns. The promise made by Timothy Healey, representative of the stationary firemen, who said he could cripple the power plants, apparently was not fulfilled. The power plants were operated and cars were running with extra policemen to guard against the trouble looked for by the department of public safety today and tomorrow. The superintendent of the subway and elevated line of the Traction Company said today that the line would not be affected, as the men were not unionized. As a matter of fact the company is making a great effort to keep this great east and west artery of travel open.

It was said by the union leaders today that public facilities such as this morning's service of milk, ice and bread, had not been curtailed intentionally and that the men would go out after they had notified their patrons that they intended to stop work later. Union leaders also said that before nightfall many more union men of the great plants will be ordered out.

In Kensington mill district many of the working women, girls and boys are not organized. The strikers have pickets out who persuaded many not to go to work, especially at great establishments in the northeast. Frank McCusker, leader of the textile unions in Kensington, said that many mills had been crippled already, and it would be only a short time before they had to shut down.

The committee of ten has taken action which is calculated to prevent, as far as possible, real suffering to the general public. An order was issued exempting from the general strike union employes of the city water works, the electric light plant, drivers of funeral carriages, and employes in hospitals and homes. "This order was thought to be no more than just to the public," said President Charles Hope. "We want to make our protest, but we do not want to cause a serious condition which would result if these places were affected."

As for strike benefits union leaders estimated that their men on strike were receiving from the national and local associations about $7 a week. The pattern makers and moulders will receive about $12 a week, while out. Other strikers will receive about $6. The national organizations, as a rule, are said to have a well-filled treasury at the present time.

Waiting until the last moment to declare their attitude, Bricklayers Union No. 1 of Pennsylvania last night voted to join the strike. The organization is the only one of its kind in the city. It has 2,000 members and is not affiliated with the Central Labor Union. It is an independent body and is known as a conservative organization. The first disorder curiously enough was the outgrowth, not of action by men who had walked out, but by Traction Company employes, who attacked a force of police sent to protect them. The trouble arose when a squad of half a dozen colored policemen was sent to the traction power house at Thirty-third and Market street. The power house employes resented the presence of the negro officers and made an attack on them with monkey wrenches. The police retired in bad order, while the power house employes telephoned headquarters declaring that white policemen only would be welcomed as protectors. Rumors that a call for the state militia is ready to be sent to Harrisburg in case general disorder breaks out are denied by Director of Public Safety Clay.

It is understood the national guard authorities are prepared promptly to respond to any call of the city. Governor Stuart will remain at Harrisburg instead of coming to Philadelphia to spend Sunday, so as to put the state machinery in motion quickly, in case of need.

Director Clay said that he thought the police would be able to handle the crowds. It would be a menace, he declared, to allow large meetings in the streets or other public places, such as was planned by organized labor in Independence Square today, and his department would not permit any large outdoor gatherings. The director thought that many of the mills would close today and the manufacturers would co-operate with the police to preserve order. "I do not expect any trouble, but if it comes," declared the director, "I have more than 600 men ready for police duty." He said he believed that many of those who did not go to work today would return to their places of employment Monday.

LATEST NAVAL NEWS.

Orders to Officers and Movements of Vessels Reported.

(Special despatch to the News.)

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The following orders to officers were announced by the Navy Department today:

Captain F. E. Beatty, detached from the bureau of ordnance, Navy Department, and ordered to the navy yard, Washington.

Lieutenant Commander A. W. Marshall, detached from the Birmingham and ordered to the New York.

Lieutenant W. C. Asserson, orders of March 1 modified, detached from the Texas and ordered to the Birmingham.

Lieutenant H. E. Lackey, detached from the naval proving ground, Indian Head, Md., and ordered to the New York.

Midshipman W. F. Amsden, detached from the Milwaukee and ordered to the Vicksburg.

W. H. Halsey, appointed an acting assistant surgeon in the navy from March 1.

The following movements of naval vessels were reported today by the Navy Department:

Arrived—Marietta at Hampton Roads, Celtic at Tompkinsville.

Sailed—Louisiana from Hampton Roads for Guantanamo; Des Moines, from Cristobal for Bocas del, Toro.

Lord.

RESPONSIBLE FOR HIGH PRICES.

Congressmen Receive Letters Threatening Them and Their Property.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Letters signed "The Committee" and postmarked "McKinley Park station, Chicago," were received by several Congressmen yesterday threatening them and their property with dynamite. The anonymous letters touch upon the high cost of living and charges Congress with the responsibility. It concludes:

"Dynamite will be your portion if you do not get busy for the people, and if you would save your life and property you had better pay some attention to this gentle reminder of your duty. Your homes will be dynamited if you do not heed warnings."

PINCHOT'S CHARGES ALL INFERRED.

Questioned Concerning New Coal Land Law of 1908.

Ballinger and Garfield Not in Accord in Recommendations.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The dull sessions of yesterday at the Ballinger-Pinchot inquiry materially cut down the crowd that waited for the opening of the doors to the committee room, in the Senate office building today. The cross-examination of Gifford Pinchot continued this morning and the course pursued yesterday by Mr. Vertrees, of going over the testimony in detail, gave no indication as to when he would finish with the witness.

Former Secretary of the Interior James R. Garfield is now a daily attendant at the hearing and will follow Mr. Pinchot on the witness stand.

A long executive session preceded the resumption of the hearing this morning. Subpoenas have been issued at the request of Mr. Ballinger's counsel for United States Attorney Elmer E. Todd, and Special Agent G. A. Parke, both of Seattle. Mr. Vertrees has announced that he expects to prove by District Attorney Todd that Special Agent Jones's testimony, as to why criminal proceedings against the Cunningham claimants were not instituted was false. Special Agent Parke will testify concerning Glavis's box in which 24 missing letters are supposed to have been found.

When Mr. Pinchot had taken the stand Mr. Vertrees started to question the witness concerning the new coal land law of 1908. Mr. Pinchot has charged that Mr. Ballinger appeared before a committee of Congress in the interest of fraudulent claimants. Mr. Vertrees sought to show that his appearance had to do only with the coal land law, the necessity of a new law having been urged by President Roosevelt and Secretary Garfield.

Asked if Congress could legislate against entries already made in good faith Mr. Pinchot said that was a question for legal authorities. The witness and counsel soon began to clash again. Mr. Vertrees read to the witness a part of a message by President Roosevelt. Mr. Pinchot listened earnestly and then snapped back:

"Do you read in that message any insinuation that Mr. Roosevelt favored the patenting of claims not made in good faith?"

Attorney Vertrees: "I am insinuating nothing, Mr. Roosevelt."

Mr. Pinchot: "That is not my name."

Mr. Vertrees: "Well, didn't Mr. Roosevelt say what I just read you?"

Mr. Pinchot: "Of course he did."

Senator Nelson grew impatient and declared the meaning and intent of messages and everything else could be determined by the committee.

Mr. Vertrees defended his course by declaring that as Mr. Pinchot's charges were all "inferred" he was put to the necessity of trying to follow in the pathway of his inferences.

Mr. Pinchot would not admit that Mr. Ballinger and Secretary Garfield were in accord in their recommendations to Congress, so the examination reverted to the subject of Mr. Ballinger's statement to the President, that the assumption of Glavis that patents in the Cunningham cases were held up on his protest, was not justified. Attorney Pepper protested against the delay due to Mr. Vertrees's attempts to pin Mr. Pinchot down to first-hand information. Mr. Vertrees did he was trying to bring out the fact that Mr. Pinchot's charges were largely the result of suspicions and the "resentment that rises in the bosom of a discharged public servant." Attorney Pepper admitted that his direct examination of the witness has been based largely upon Mr. Pinchot's inferences and conclusions from things in the record.

"And you see what that leads to," replied the chairman.

"It justified Mr. Vertrees in going into the inferences and conclusions on cross-examination. Proceed."

ATTEMPT TO SETTLE STRIKE.

Request Made to Open Coats Limited Thead Plant in Pawtucket.

PAWTUCKEKT, March 5.—Efforts were made today to settle the strike at the J. & P. Coats Limited thread plant, where 2,500 have been out of work for two weeks. G. Elton Allen, manager of the plant, told the operatives that he would tell them Wednesday whether or not he would resume operations until the difficulties could be adjusted satisfactorily. A gathering of the strikers was held here during the forenoon and by a vote of 149 to 20 it was agreed that a request should be made to have the plant open Monday. The backboys, however, stated that they will not return until they are assured that their pay will be for 58 hours, although by the new law they are allowed to work only 55 hours.

LOUIS JAMES DEAD.

Former Well Known Actor Passes Away in Helena.

HELENA, Mont., March 5.—Louis James, the actor, died here today. The body will be shipped tomorrow to Kansas City. The company will disband and Mrs. James will return to her home at Kansas.

MISSING TELLER SURRENDERS.

Camden Bank Official Says Low Salary Caused Downfall.

PHILADELPHIA, March 5.—Thomas E. Larsen, receiving teller of the Philadelphia branch of the First National Bank of Camden, N. J., surrendered to the local police today, when he learned that he was wanted on a charge of embezzling $40,000 of the institution's funds. Larsen confessed to the charge, the police say, and has agreed to do all he can to straighten out the books of the bank and take his punishment. Larsen, according to the police, had been taking the bank's money for seven years. He lived expensively and was married about two years ago. He said his downfall was due to a small salary and trying to keep up with men who possessed more means than he. Bank officials have suspected Larsen of wrong doing and have been examining his books for ten days.

A. B. COMMERFORD,
Importing Tailor.

Sporting, Business, Dress Clothes.

Liveries and Breeches.

218 Thames St.

The Time to Buy is When Another Wishes to Sell.

We have FOR SALE a Building containing two stores and a seven-room tenement with bath, also a cottage in the rear on Thames street.

FOR ONLY $3,000.

WM. E. BRIGHTMAN,
164 Bellevue Ave.
Phone 5.

BROOKFIELD FARM EGGS 35c.

Eggs	25c
Potatoes	60c
Ox Tails	10c
Legs Mutton	16c
Pork to Roast	16c

—THE—

EDWARD A. BROWN CO.
274 Thames Street.

LONG STANDING CONTROVERSY.

Large Sum Asked to Pay Expenses of Pending Fisheries Cases.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—All the way from the Peace Treaty of 1783, at the close of the Revolutionary war, up to the present time, constitutes the period involved in the North American fisheries controversy, the first case referred to the permanent court at The Hague, for arbitration under the British treaty. Secretary Knox has asked the House to appropriate $100,000 additional for expenses during the pendency of the fisheries cases before The Hague tribunal. The amount is to pay the expenses of Chandler P. Anderson, agent of the United States; Senator Root, George Turner and Samuel J. Elder, counsel; James B. Scott, solicitor for the State Department, and Charles H. Warren and Robert Lansing, assistant counsel.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Boston, March 5, Michigan, from Liverpool.

Boston, March 5, Pretorian, from Glasgow.

George E. Vernon & Co.,

Makers of Fine Furniture,

UPHOLSTERERS —AND— DECORATORS.

91 John Street,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Another lot of those fat

Fresh Killed Turkeys

R. I. Pork to Roast,

R. I. Fresh Hams	10c
R. I. Fresh Shoulders	14c
Ox Tails	3 for 25c
Banquet Bacon, by the strip	10c
Banquet Bacon, 2 to 3 in. strip	10c
Pigs' Livers	15c.
Grape Fruit .. 5c each; doz.	50c
VanCamp's Catsup, bottle	20c
	3 bottles for 50c

Roast Beef and Steaks very reasonable.

MARLBOROUGH MARKET.
H. H. BARKER
94 Thames St.
Telephone 77.

To Attract the Attention of every housewife in Newport is the mission of our advertising. We wish the woman behind the pocketbook to realize that quality is by far more essential in meat buying than price. We try first of all to have the finest cuts of beef, lamb, mutton and veal in stock as well as everything in the line of poultry.

F. B. COGGESHALL, 2 Washington Sq.

THE BEE HIVE.

WAISTS!

After having waited for a little while we are glad to announce that our Waists are now ready for your inspection. Waists of all descriptions to suit your individual tastes. And these Waists are pretty, each Waist different and distinctive. When you buy these Waists you are sure of being up to the minute in fashion. Come and see these waists, have their good points explained to you by our saleladies and we are confident you will think they are all we claim for them.

Stylish Waists, trimmed with lace and embroidery for **98c**

All-over Embroidered Waist, for **98c**

Tailor-Made Waist for **$1.49**

Beautiful Styles Lace or embroidery trimmed up to **$5.00**

Exquisite Styles of Silk Waists (including the new changeable silks) from **$2.75 up**

The New Suits, Coats and Skirts are arriving daily, we feel sure your desired style is among them. Call and look them over.

HESS-LEYS CO.

This Morning's News.

IT DEPENDS ON THE "UNIT."

Twenty-Eight-Hour Livestock Penalty Stubbornly Contested.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—How severe a punishment Congress has provided for railroads guilty of violating the so-called 28-hour law for punishing the unlawful confinement of livestock in transportation was the basis for a stubborn contest today before the Supreme Court of the United States. Counsel for the government contend that the unit for fining railroads is the separate shipment, while the legal representatives of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company insist that the unit is the train, no matter of how many separate shipments it is composed. Some features of the case resemble the $29,000,000 Standard Oil case.

The outcome of the controversy will have a far-reaching effect. Many separate consignments of stock are carried frequently in one train, so the sum of the penalty imposed by the law will vary from $100 to many times $100, according to the outcome of the litigation. The Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad alone appears in this case, but practically every common carrier engaged in interstate commerce in the United States will feel the effect of the decision.

This controversy was begun when the United States district attorney for the Southern district of Ohio filed 11 cases against the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company, claiming that it had carried as many shipments of livestock from shippers in various points in Illinois to Cincinnati without unloading the stock for rest, all in violation of the 28-hour law.

The railroad admitted the shipment and its detention beyond the statutory time, but it averred guilt of only one offense, because all the shipments were carried in one train, and expressed a willingness to pay a fine for one violation.

The district court consolidated the cases and assessed a single penalty. The circuit court of appeals for the Sixth district reversed that decision. The case then was brought to the Supreme Court by the railroad. Briefs on both sides of the controversy have been filed with the court. Counsel for the railroad is headed by Judson Harmon, now governor of Ohio. Solicitor General Bowers of the Department of Justice has directed the fight on behalf of the United States.

In the brief of the railroad counsel, it is contended that the train is the factor of offenses, because livestock is moved in trains. "If there be a confinement in cars beyond 28 hours during transit under circumstances which constitute a violation of the statute, it must be the fault of the train," says the brief. "Congress has not said whether the offenses shall be per head of stock, per shipment, per carload, or per trainload. If Congress had intended there should be a fine of $500 (the maximum penalty for one offense), for each head of stock delayed, or for each shipment delayed or for each carload delayed, it was easy to say so. Bearing in mind the rule of strict interpretation of penal statutes, the only reasonable construction of the statute is that the detention of all stock on the same train constitutes but one offense. Congress did not deem it necessary to be so severe as to permit a fine of $500 for each shipment in a trainload containing possibly 50 shipments, when a single fine of $500 would answer as well."

Several routes lead to the conclusion that the separate shipment was meant as the basis, the government contends. "Suppose cattle are loaded into cars by the carrier and kept there more than 28 hours without unloading before the cars are put into any train," says Solicitor General Bowers in his brief. "Is the train the unit of offense, though there has been no train?" He asked the same question where cattle had been sidetracked in cars and the train proceeded. In the case of cattle not being fed after they were unloaded, he claimed the train plainly was not meant to be the unit—"Indeed, the word 'train' does not once occur in the act," he says.

He further contends that his point is proved by means of the provisions regarding owner's consent to the extension of time from 28 to 36 hours. "The owner's consent affects his shipment, and only his shipment, whether it is in a train with other shipments of livestock or not; and the result is that the rule of conduct for the carrier varies as to different shipments. The shipment being the unit as to which the carrier's conduct is prescribed by statute, it must equally be the unit of the carrier's misconduct through violation of the prescribed rule of conduct concerning the shipment."

The court may take some time before handing down a decison in the case.

INDIAN CHIEF KILLED BY GAS.

Famous Redskin Blows Out the Light While on Visit to Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—One of the most picturesque chieftains of the Indian race and his nephew, both members of the Chippewa tribe of Minnesota, were found dead in a local hotel today, the victims of asphyxiation. The dead chief was Pay-Baum We-Che-Waish-Kung, more than 95 years old, and his unfortunate companion was Ah-No-Way-Way-Aush. Accustomed to the light from the camp-fires of their primitive life, and later to that from the candle and the lamp, it is believed one of the red men blew out the gas, which sent them to their "happy hunting grounds."

Notwithstanding he was approaching the century mark, the old chief's strength of character had made him a potent power with his people, and his fatal visit was as a member of a delegation, appointed by a council of his tribe, Bois, for the reservation near Orr, Minn., to consult with the Indian Office regarding payments which the Indians claimed were due them under the treaty of 1866 and concerning certain lands in dispute.

The dead chieftain was always a friend of the whites, and, while he possessed a record for high leadership and bravery in the inter-tribal conflicts, particularly with the Sioux, he never raised his tomahawk against the conquerors of his race. The old man held tenaciously to the traditions of his race, and almost to the day of his death wore the blanket.

PEARY'S PROOFS CAUSE ROW.

Committee Must Be Satisfied, or Every Bill Will Be Pigeonholed.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Peary's proofs of the discovery of the North Pole caused a big row in the House committee on naval affairs today, and after Representative Macon had stalked angrily from the room it was asserted that unless the proofs are presented to the full satisfaction of the committee every bill introduced to reward the explorer will be pigeonholed.

Two members of the National Geographic Society appeared before the committee with copies of Peary's documents to urge that Congress recognize the Pole finder's achievements, but asked that they be received in confidence. Three members of the committee favored accepting the proofs without making them public. Representative Macon hotly objected, and after declaring his position left in a passion.

"I am against any legislation in the dark," Mr. Macon sharply told the committee. "Furthermore, if this committee decides in favor of Peary without inspecting the full records and making them public I will expose the whole business on the floor of the House or in a statement to the press. If we reward Mr. Peary the American people have a right to know what we are rewarding him for."

Professor Gannett of the Coast and Geodetic Survey and one of the members of the National Geographic Society, which accepted Peary's proofs, told the committee that Mr. Peary would not allow the committee to have the proofs for public purposes, because he desired them for use in newspaper and magazine articles. The professor had with him a copy of the proofs but he declined to submit them. He told the committee that he had not the slightest doubt that Peary discovered the Pole, and he never had any doubt, even before he saw the proofs.

Representative Alexander of New York was present as the personal representative of Mr. Peary, and told the committee that the latter would be glad to have the committee examine the records, but he would have to see Mr. Peary again and learn whether he would consent to have them published.

The committee will take up the subject again next Tuesday, and if Mr. Peary's proofs are submitted it is intended to have scientists there to examine them on behalf of the committee.

ESTRADA RELUCTANTLY YIELDS.

Insists American Intervention Must Guarantee Rights Fought For.

BLUEFIELDS, Nicaragua, March 4.—Every reason exists for believing that after three days of secret conferences General Estrada, leader of the revolutionists, and his advisers have reluctantly agreed to the demand of Americans in Nicaragua that any move for American intervention be received in a friendly manner. The insurgents have hedged their consent to intervention with a statement that they will insist that any proposal of interference by the United States must guarantee to them the rights the denial of which caused the revolution. The original demands of the revolutionists included the overthrow of President Zelaya, which was accomplished, and the restoration to the people of the constitutional and common rights of citizens, which, it was alleged, had been taken from them under the regime of Zelaya.

While Generals Estrada, Diaz and Rivera and the other conferees are absolutely silent concerning the matter, their frequent calls on Thomas P. Moffat, the American consul, who also declines to talk, are considered to give support to the view that the insurgents have made terms on which they will agree to intervention.

It is safe to say that General Chamorro's defeat has not altered the views of the people on the east coast of Nicaragua as to the guarantees necessary to peace. Undoubtedly they will demand the fulfillment of every principle for which the armies have fought, inasmuch as President Madriz has frequently admitted the justice of them.

American interests in Nicaragua will insist that the payment of the revolutionary debts must be a part of any agreement reached. Merchants have extended to the revolutionists unlimited credit, on the assurance that the support of the United States lay behind the revolutionists, and they therefore argue that the Washington government is in duty bound to safeguard their interests.

Nothing except intervention now can stop the war. General Mena has spread his force between San Vicente and La Manga to resist every advance the government troops may attempt on Bluefields. He is also busy gathering recruits and ammunition, while General Estrada has stopped the pay of a small army of his staff officers who are more ornamental than useful.

AMERICANS HIT GERMANS HARD.

Blow to Industry Under Patent Laws Causes Warm Reichstag Debate.

BERLIN, March 4.—"German industry suffered greatly through the Americans not coming under the clause of the patent law compelling the working of patents in Germany, and we must alter that law so as to be in a position to reciprocate."

Dr. Johannes Junck, National Liberal, with these words raised a debate in the Reichstag today during the discussion of an appropriation for the patent.

Herr Delbrueck, the vice chancellor, replied to Junck with a long speech, in which he recognized the importance of the subject and promised the introduction of a new bill during the course of the present year. He explained that the American-German patent agreement is of a one-sided nature, saying that in the United States neither Germans nor Americans are compelled to work their patents, while in Germany Germans must submit to the compulsory clause, whereas Americans escape. Disagreeable consequences resulting from this state of affairs had arisen in several instances, said the vice chancellor, where American firms, domiciled in Germany and having patented articles here, had immediately transferred their patent rights to their American branch when threatened with compulsion. This undesirable condition could be changed, he concluded, only by a new law which would release Germans from compulsion, while imposing compulsion on patents which were only worked abroad.

HEINZE'S PLEA NOT ACCEPTED.

Answer to Charge of Indictment Case Allowed to Stand.

NEW YORK, March 4.—F. Augustus Heinze's plea of not guilty to the indictment found against him by the federal grand jury yesterday was hawked all around the federal building today and not a judge could be found who will definitely accept it. The tentative plea, with leave to withdraw, was finally allowed to stand, however, with the understanding the whole matter should come up before United States Judge Holt Monday next. The government had repeatedly had Heinze indicted on many counts alleging misapplication of the funds of the Mercantile National Bank of which he was president, but demurrer proceedings have caused the quashing of the indictments found.

On new presentments, however, the government seemed satisfied it had found ground for indictments that would hold and these were handed in yesterday. When Heinze appeared today to plead before Judge Hand, his counsel, John B. Stanchfield, suggested that as Judge Hough had heard argument on the preceding indictment he would be the proper judge before whom to make the present plea. Judge Hand agreed to this and sent the case to Judge Hough. When that justice received the lawyers, however, he showed evidences of impatience.

"I've already intimated I think," said the judge, "that enough indictments have been found against this man, and I see no reason why I should hear any more arguments."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

RUSSIAN STEAMER ABANDONED.

Part of Crew of Wrecked Korea Picked Up by the Caledonia.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Russian steamer Korea, buffeted by storms on the North Atlantic and pounded into helplessness by heavy seas, was abandoned by her crew March 1, and left to her fate. She was sinking fast when her men abandoned her. The Korea's crew of 48 men were taken off by Anchor line steamer Caledonia, and are on their way here.

News of the disaster to the Korea was flashed here in a wireless message from the Caledonia off Cape Race, Newfoundland. The rescue was effected in latitude 52.51 north, longitude 28.15 west, or at a point about 1,300 miles east-northeast from Cape Race. With the nearly 50 men she had saved from probable death on board, the Caledonia raced on for the zone in which wireless communication with the American coast was possible.

The Korea sailed from Narbik, Conway, February 1 for Philadelphia, with a cargo of iron ore. From the meagre story told in the wireless message to the agents of the Anchor line today, it was possible to gather only the merest outline of how the staunch Russian steamer met her fate. When the Caledonia encountered her, however, she was in sore straits, and her crew were preparing to abandon her and take to the boats.

The sight of the rescuing steamer was hailed with joy by the desperate men on the Russian, and the process of taking off the crew was at once begun. By the time it had been accomplished the Korea was apparently nearing the end of her career. She had a heavy list to port and her sinking looked to be only a question of a short time. The Korea's seams were started by the pounding she received in the series of storm she had encountered, and huge waves had repeatedly swept her decks, carrying away everything movable.

The Caledonia left Glasgow February 26 for this port. She was 1,090 miles from Sandy Hook when she was able to get into wireless touch and tell briefly the story of the wreck and rescue. The liner is due to reach here late Sunday night or early Monday with the men she rescued.

The wrecked Korea was built in Flensburg in 1899, was of 3,857 tons net register, 400 feet long, 49½ feet beam and 19.8 feet deep. She was owned by the Russich Ostasiatisch Company of St. Petersburg.

A VALUABLE CARGO.

Steamship Clement Brings 1,432 Tons of Crude Rubber to New York.

NEW YORK, March 4.—A cargo of rubber worth between $6,000,000 and $7,000,000 was brought into this port today on steamship Clement of the Booth Steamship Company, after a long cruise from South American ports. The cargo is the most valuable of its kind which has ever been brought to this country, and is due to the remarkable increase in the automobile industry during the past year. It consisted in all of 1,432 tons of what is known as crude rubber.

COAL AND WOOD.

GREAT CARE IN HANDLING
is insisted upon at the yard and at the delivery point for our
COAL.
This and the fact that it is Wilkesbarre, the best general purpose coal in city accounts for the good words we are receiving for it.
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DEALERS IN
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HICKORY, OAK AND PINE WOOD
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Florist and Decorator,
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Bellevue Laundry,
We Make a Specialty of Starch Work.
Pond Avenue and Warner Street.
All our shirts are starched and ironed by hand.
Work called for and delivered to any part of the city.

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Generates oxygen in the mouth and leaves that clean taste. Whitens and preserves the teeth. 25c. per can.
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DOWNING'S
LISTERATED TOOTH POWDER.
Contains no injurious ingredients. Recommended by dentists. It whitens the teeth, preserves the gums and sweetens the breath; a sure germ destroyer.
A large bottle for 25c.
PREPARED BY
DOWNING BROTHERS,
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IF YOU WILL USE
Wyandotte Sanitary Cleaner and Cleanser
Everything may be easily made clean, sweet and pure, like new. "Wyandotte" is a dry, snow-white powder, with no grease, fat, lye, acid or preservatives in its composition. Neither does it contain a particle of animal or vegetable matter. It is purely a mineral cleaning compound. This may be a new idea to you, yet "Wyandotte" has been thoroughly tested and bears the unqualified endorsement of Pure Food Inspectors, Dairy Officials and Boards of Health.
Five-Pound Bag Twenty-Five Cents.
COLE'S PHARMACY,
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May be easily removed by using
"Waukeazy" Corn Solvent.
Try it and you will get instant relief
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Wall Paper.
Great reduction in wall paper, as we must make room for new goods.
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DEALERS IN
Natural and Artificial Ice.

PRICE OF COKE.

Prepared, delivered,
36 bushels $4.50
18 bushels - 2.25
Common, delivered,
35 bushels - $3.50
18 bushels - 1.75
Price at Works,
Prepared, 11c a bushel
Common, 9c a bushel

BE ON TIME.

For one week only we will sell you a first-class Allan Clock. Regular $1.00 value. Fully warranted for 89c. Only 100 in stock, so we advise early buying.

Big Reductions,
All grades of Street and Stable Blankets at practically your own price. No reasonable offer refused.

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The best Made.
All sizes in stock. Start now.

Oliver Wiard & Eddy Sulky Plows.
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A practical machine gives first class results. No heat. No expense. Any one can operate it.
$1.50 each.

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New stock now on hand. Fertilizers and Farm Implements. The most complete line in Newport county.

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BIRCKHEAD PLACE.

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1910 Imported and Domestic Wall Paper Samples. 1910
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The next time any part of your plumbing refuses to work, springs a leak or needs repairing or replacing, take the shortest cut to satisfaction and PEACE OF MIND by phoning or consulting
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Plumbing, Heating and Ventilating.
A large supply of pipe fittings and valves of every kind always on hand.
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Blue Crushed Stone,
For paths and driveways.

PORTSMOUTH.

Indian Landmarks and Legends of Rhode Island.

Mrs. Kilton's Address Before Oliphant Club Shows Careful Study and Thorough Research.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

A large company gathered at Mrs. John R. Coggeshall's Friday afternoon, to listen to a paper on "Rhode Island's Indian Landmarks and Legends," given by Mrs. George Kilton, president of the Edgewood Women's Club, before the members of the Oliphant Club and their guests, each member being allowed to invite two. The Current Topics Club of Newport was also invited, but was represented by only two women, one of whom is a member of both clubs.

Before the arrival of Mrs. Kilton, who was somewhat detained, Mrs. Elgin A. Peckham, the president, called the meeting to order and the minutes of the last meeting were read by the secretary, Mrs. Philip Wilbour. Mrs. John R. Coggeshall read a short article in regard to Indian literature, which was followed by 14 Indian proverbs. Then from "Rhode Island Tales," a collection of poetry written by a Newport woman and published in 1849, several poems were read of Indian customs. This book is the one in which the late Charles E. Hammett, Jr., was so interested that he wrote several articles for the News in regard to it, and expressed his desire to purchase one if one could be found. A woman in Portsmouth furnished him with one bought 55 years before, for which he paid a large price, and had it re-bound. The poems read were "The Indian and the Basket," by Miss Etta M. Sherman; "The Wigwam," Mrs. Edward R. Thurston; "The Baby," Mrs. Clara E. Dennis; "The Hunter," Mrs. William Hamilton of Newport; "Indian Cookery," Mrs. E. A. Peckham; "The Canoe," Mrs. Thomas J. Sweet; "The Warrior," Mrs. Abraham C. Chase; "The Indian and the Planter," Miss Lizzie Chase.

Mrs. Kilton's paper was most interesting, showing careful study and thorough research in many directions, of which only a few points can be given. Mrs. Kilton began with giving the characteristics peculiar to the Narragansett tribe; of the authority which Roger Williams had over them and the key which he made of the Indian language. Before 1636, when Roger Williams came to Rhode Island with his five companions, there were five tribes within its border—Pequot, Niantic, Nipmuncs, Wampanoags and Narragansetts; the Narragansetts numbered 30,000, of whom there were 5,000 fighting men. The government was monarchical and hereditary. Canonicus, nephew of Miantonomi, became chief sachem after the murder of the latter. In April, 1644, these five tribes submitted to English rule under the crown. The quality of rank was observed, and greater comfort and honors were given to those high in council and of large possessions. A man's name was his exclusive property, and when he died the name was never given to another. Canonicus was greatly venerated and beloved, and the name of "The Father of His Country" was given to him 150 years before it was bestowed on Washington.

Important affairs affecting the tribes were always under the guidance of the chief sachem, and his division was absolute. Corn was used as currency, 1 to 100,000 grains; also beaver skins and wampum to pay debts with. Quahaug and periwinkle shells were also used for money, six pieces as counting one penny. There was also counterfeit money, made of black stones.

The sachem punished for all crimes by beating, burning or torturing. An Indian named "Stonewall John" made the first arrow-head, and all labor was divided, the poor having the hardest and roughest. The women of high rank were severe and proud, wore numerous necklaces, jewels and bracelets, one girdle alone being worth $10,000. King Philip wore a belt 9 inches broad, and pendent from it was a costly collection of ornaments which reached to his feet. Five and ten fathoms of wampum were often given to a girl's parents for a wife.

Divorce was granted then as now. Chastity was the invariable rule. The houses were round, 10x15 ft. in diameter on the ground, running up to a point, with an open space at the top for the smoke to go out and a large mat for a door. In this small house two families would live in harmony and oftimes there would be a dozen large villages within 20 miles. Many of the articles used for domestic purposes were made of stone, requiring hard and tedious labor in the manufacture; in 1835, a place was unearthed which doubtless was used as a place of manufacture. As late as 1800 a sweat house was used to clean their bodies instead of washing them. A round pit was filled with red-hot stones and the Indians sat around it in a closed tent until the sweating process was completed. An Indian seldom had more than one wife. Beggars were unknown. All Indians were smokers, and carried a stone pipe on their backs. Their coats of feathers were very handsome. When going long distances a cake of parched corn was taken with them for food. They were fond of the flesh of animals and fish, but clams were the favorite food. The island of Prudence was given to Roger Williams to hold service on. They slept naked at night, depending on keeping warm by the fire about which they slept, and which any one waking was expected to replenish. Crows were seldom killed, because they brought and dropped corn and beans, which sprouted and grew. All sorts of fruits grew in abundance, and although the saying that "God might have made a better berry than the strawberry, he never did," has been attributed to many persons, Roger Williams was the real author.

There were many gods in their religion—sun, moon, fire, earth, air, water, etc. The Narragansetts had 33 in all, and held that creation was the work of many gods. There were two kinds of feasts, public and private; games of chance, nuts being used instead of cards; public games, of running races and football, thousands being present. In sickness the Indians blacked their faces with soot, and when they died the same was done. The funeral directors was treated with great respect. To signify their sorrow for the death of one in the family, they burned their houses, as Canonicus did at the death of his son. At Cross's Roads in Charlestown is the ancient burial place of the Royal Narragansett tribe. "God's Acre of the Red Men" is on a plateau commanding a most beautiful view. In May, 1879, a grave was opened there and found to contain a brass and iron kettle and so many similar things that it is believed to be the burial place of Canonicus. The nine men concerned in its opening had a suit brought against them, but as their motive was scientific research, they were acquitted.

Many attempts were made to convert the Indians, and in 1750 there was a reformation, but it was of little use. Today they keep to the old customs. Middletown the whole settlement goes to the beach to bathe and wash. The "King Tom farm" in Johnston was the home of their last king. He was sent to England when ten years of age to be educated. He had the Ninigret house built in 1760, but became so addicted to liquor that his wife and son left him and went to New York in 1773. In 1770 Queen Esther was crowned on Coronation rock, in the presence of her people. Other famous rocks are Philips rock and King Philip's pulpit rock in the town of Lincoln. At Quinsickett, the scene of the Wampanoags, a terrible fight took place. They lived in peace for 40 years with the whites until Miantonomi was murdered.

When the Indians formed a confederacy, the Narragansetts did not join them. King Philips's war was the first conflict between the Rhode Island and Massachusetts Indians.

Mrs. Kilton's paper was concluded by a short poem, "A Legend of Quinsnickett." A vote of thanks was given to Mrs. Kilton, who gave the paper without remuneration, and greatly to the pleasure of all present. Cakes and tea were served. Mrs. Kilton, who was a dinner guest of her niece, Mrs. J. M. Eldredge, returned to Providence at nightfall.

Portsmouth Grange, No. 29, Patrons of Husbandry, held a well-attended meeting Thursday evening and worked the third degree and initiated one member. The lecturer, Mrs. William K. Boyd, had prepared an entertaining program but was unavoidably detained at home.

The condition of Mrs. George Irish continues to improve.

Mr. John T. Brown had an ill turn the first of the week, but recovered from it and, except for growing weaker, is about the same as of late.

Mrs. A. V. L. Dennis was guest this week of Dr. and Mrs. F. P. Conway.

Mrs. Harry Dale is under the care of a physician.

Mrs. John S. Austin of Providence is visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Grinnell, and Mr. Grinnell.

Mrs. H. Manton Chase and two sons have been guests of Mrs. Charles Sherman.

There was no whist at Oakland Hall this week, owing to the bad weather and traveling.

Mrs. George A. Faulkner has been guest of Mrs. W. W. Anthony.

DELEGATES' NAMES PUBLIC.

Hon. Henry White of Rhode Island to Be Chairman of Conference to Meet at Buenos Ayres.

The names of the delegates of the United States to the fourth international conference of American states, which will convene at Buenos Ayres, Argentine republic, July 9 next, have been made public. The delegation will consist of Hon. Henry White of Rhode Island, former ambassador to France, chairman; Enoch Herbert Crowder of Missouri, Lewis Nixon of New York, John Bassett Moore of New York, Bernard Moses of California, Lamar Charles Quintero of Louisiana, Paul Samuel Reinsch of Wisconsin, and David Kinley of Illinois. John Barrett, director of the International Bureau of American republics, will also attend the conference, in his capacity as the head of that institution.

Among the subjects for discussion and action at the coming conference will be the construction of the Pan-American railroad, and more rapid communication by steam for the transportation of mails, passengers and cargo between the American republics.

HALLEY'S COMET VISIBLE.

With the weather conditions as clear as they have been for the past few nights it may interest some persons who take an interest in the stars, and especially in comets, to know that Halley's comet may be seen. The following communication in last night's Fall River News fits Newport conditions as well as those of Fall River, and may be of use in finding the comet: "Halley's comet is visible with a good field glass in the southwest between 7 and 8 o'clock. Its position tomorrow night, the fifth, is right ascension 0 deg. 30ms. 28s.; declination 7 deg. 56m. 2s. It ought to be seen very closely with the telescope at the high school. In the field glass it is quite small, and would not ordinarily attract notice."

FRENCH HONORS FOR MRS. W. K. VANDERBILT.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt will soon become the proud possessor of the Order of the Legion of Honor. It is confidently expected that the French government at the next announcement of enrolments and promotions will include her name in the honor list. This is one of the highest honors to be paid to an American woman. The government of France has decorated few Americans, and has shown great reluctance to extending its honors to American women.

The decoration is to be awarded to Mrs. Vanderbilt as a recognition of her generous charitable donations. The most important of the efforts in this direction is the new hospital recently established in Paris, said to be one of the most perfectly equipped in the world. It was erected entirely at Mrs. Vanderbilt's expense.

PERSONALS.

....Tow Hen, a Chinese laundryman from Providence, and Miss Lourene Bellaire, a music teacher from Boston, aged 24, have been married. The groom is 45 years of age.

....President Alcorta has received William Jennings Bryan in Buenos Ayres. Mr. Bryan was presented by Charles N. Sherrill the American minister. Mr. Bryan gave a reception in the evening, after whic he left for Montevideo.

....Convicted of bribery, former City Magistrate Furlong of New York has been sentenced to Sing Sing for an indeterminate term, the maximum of which is two years and a month and the minimum one year. Judge Kapper said: "This defendant's conviction forfeits his office. It forever disqualifies him from holding office, and deprives him of his citizenship. These facts, coupled with the recommendation of the jury for mercy, induce me to impose this sentence."

....One hundred and fifty prominent New Yorkers have been named by Mayor Gaynor to comprise the committee which will give to Colonel Theodore Roosevelt a welcome home from his hunting expedition in Africa. This step was taken by Mayor Gaynor following his recent consultation with William Loeb, Jr., collector of the port of New York, to whom was given general charge of the arrangements by authorization of both President Taft and Colonel Roosevelt. Cornelius Vanderbilt heads the welcoming committee as chairman, the second name being that of Mr. Loeb.

....Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel Roosevelt sailed from Naples yesterday for Alexandria, Egypt. They expect to meet Mr. Roosevelt at Khartoum. Before leaving Naples Mrs. Roosevelt gave instructions for the reservation next month of hotel apartments to be occupied by the party when Colonel Roosevelt reaches the city. Mrs. Roosevelt also arranged for several excursions which she has planned to take with her husband through Italy. The Royal Geographical Society of London is endeavoring to arrange for a lecture to be delivered by ex-President Roosevelt at Albert Hall, the subject being his African tour.

The Tilt of the Hat.

The hat shown is of coarse, shiny straw, in a wood brown shade, with bands of cream straw lace around the crown and facing the under brim. Wings of a brilliant cerise tone ornament the low-rolling side of this toque.

A MODERN TORCH-BEARER.

[Grace Stone Field in Woman's Home Companion.]

Her name is Miriam, I think, or Alice
or Susanne:
Or Lou or Lillian—perhaps it may be
Mary Ann,
She is a helpful sort; she keeps her
household going right,
And when her husband "tinkers"
things, she always "holds the
light."

Her part to hold a drippy dip, and his
to hammer nails
In darkling cellar corners where the
sunlight flags and fails;
And when he gets some sticks of wood
to keep the fire bright,
She brings her little candlestick and
helps him with a light.

Or when the furnace misbehaves—
when anything goes wrong
That needs a manly arm to mend
and language good and strong,
She goes along: she holds her tongue,
serene, sweet and polite—
She holds the hammer and the nails
—her temper and the light.

Oh, you may land the clever wife who
really rules the house;
The brilliant wives, the beauties that
society espouse;
But I shall sing another one; that
cherry, blithesome sprite,
Who holds the baby, holds her home—
who always "holds the light."

FANCIES.

He heard the waiter rapidly recite
The bill of fare, and then he went
away
Because the tip, received with bow
polite,
Was really all he could afford to pay.
—[Washington Star.

"Are you fond of reading?"

"I like Shakespeare so much. I have just bought a Macbeth lamp chimney."

"After all, money amounts to very little."

"Yes; but in the meantime it amounts to a great deal."—[Puck.

"I shall tell my daughter that if she persists in marrying Jones I'll not leave her a cent."

"It'll do more good to tell that to Jones."—[Cleveland Leader.

Miss Highbrow—Everybody's affected by environment, don't you think?

Mrs. Lowbrow—I am. I know. That's the reason I never touch the stuff.—[Cleveland Leader.

Hobbs—Alienists say that single men are much more liable to insanity than married.

Dobbs—Sure they are! Single men are always in danger of going crazy over some woman.—[Boston Transcript.

"Which do you prefer," said the idle conversationalist, "life in the country or in the city?"

"I'm not sure," answered Miss Cayenne. "It depends on whether I am in a mood to be attacked by a cow or a trolley car."—[Washington Star.

"Please shake your head Mr. Pike," said the young lady's small brother.

"All right, Tommy. Now, what did you want me to shake my head for?"

"Pa said you was a rattle-brained idiot, but I didn't hear nothin' rattle, did you?"—[Birmingham Age-Herald.

THE ONLY WAY.

Many Newport Citizens Have Discovered It.

Just what to do when the kidneys are affected is a question that concerns both young and old. Weak kidneys neglected in childhood lead to life-long suffering. People of advanced years, with less vitality, suffer doubly. In youth or age, languor, backache, urinary irregularity, dizziness and nervousness make life a burden.

There is one remedy that acts directly on the kidneys and cures these troubles. Doan's Kidney Pills owe their world-wide fame to the fact that they cure sick kidneys and cure them permanently. Follow the example of this Newport citizen and you will be convinced that this is so.

George C. Kaull, Cranston Ave., Newport, R. I., says: "I am not certain as to the cause of my kidney trouble but believe it was due to drinking impure water. Some time ago I was attacked with a dull ache across the lower part of my back. The kidney secretions also became scant and painful in passage and often caused me considerable annoyance during the night. When I heard about Doan's Kidney Pills I procured a box at Wright & Hay's Drug Store and found relief upon taking the contents. The use of a second box effected a complete cure, for which I am truly grateful."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

WILL OF SETH B. FRENCH.

Bequests to the Family and Trusted Servants But None to Charitable Institutions.

The will of Seth Barton French, who died last month at Palm Beach, Fla., disposes of personal property valued at $1,500,000, outside of the real estate, and contains no bequests to charitable institutions.

The widow, Mrs. Mary Walker French, is to have the income of $400,000 for life and the income of $30,000 to maintain her country home, known as "Barton Lodge," Bath county, Va., and the use of the family home for life. On her death the principal of the $400,000 is to go to his three children and the $30,000 into the residuary estate.

William Barton French, a son, and his daughter, Clarice, are to receive the income of a trust fund of $600,000. As they grow older they are to receive the principal of the fund in several instalments. John Herndon French, a son, is to receive $300,000 outright, and his daughter, Nannie French Steele, $300,000. George Barton French, another son, is to have $200,000. The will explains that George should not receive as much as the others, because his father advanced him large sums.

Elsie Seitter, "trusted servant," is left $5,000. Mrs. French is directed to distribute $5,000 more among servants as she deems best.

Early Spring Shoe Styles

For Ladies.

Black cloth top, button boots, of either patent or vici leather. New dress boots on stylish lasts $3.50 and $4.00.

—AT—

The T. Mumford Seabury Co.'s.

Pure Food From Local Company.

From our experience of fifteen years in connection with the wholesale meat business in Newport we are in a position to know the large amount of Frankfurter and Bologna which are sold here, and by close observation we find that the small boy and girl are the largest consumers of this food, and it is to your interest to see that the food your children eat will stand inspection.

The diner at the boarding house said, when the landlady announced baked steak pie for dinner, more baked mystery. So it is with the majority of Frankfurters and Bologna sold on the market today. They are mysteries.

We have looked over the leading Frankfurt and Bologna makers of the East, and can truthfully say that Mr. Gobel leads them all, as he uses the whole cattle, of choice selecting, while many makers use the coarse pieces and trimmings only.

We are the Sole Agents for Adolf Gobel's famous German Frankfurters and Bologna, and will guarantee that these goods are absolutely the purest and best made. We are in a position to give a letter of introduction to any one going to New York, which will allow them to see the inside process of the making of these goods and the good old German way clean and wholesome, of making them.

These goods are for sale at the leading markets and delicatessen, which display the glass sign, exhibiting the different departments in Mr. Adolf Gobel's establishment.

Newport Supply Co.
40 Channing St.

Newport Transfer Express Co.

Baggage and Freight.

Main Office, - 272 Thames St.

(Fall River Line Ticket Office)

The only Express Company checking baggage from residence to destination. Consignments of freight solicited. Information in regard to baggage or freight cheerfully given.

Tel. 371. Call Us Up.
730. FRANK J. HUGHES,
1051. General Manager.
Branch offices: Stable Marsh Street, Fall River Line Wharf.

The Newport Journal
AND WEEKLY NEWS.
is especially adapted for mailing.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

FOR SALE.

A two-tenement house on a street near Broadway. Price $2,600.

Cottage on Mann avenue.

A cottage with improvements, hot water heat, on Congdon avenue; must be sold to settle the estate.

FOR RENT.

An upper and lower tenement with modern improvements, seven rooms on Everett street.

Small tenement near Postoffice. Rent $10.00.

—APPLY TO—

Wm. Loftus, 234 Spring St.

FOR SALE.

A desirable unimproved site of three acres at Narragansett Pier. To close an estate.

DeBLOIS & ELDRIDGE,
152 Bellevue Ave. Newport, R. I. 5 East 33rd. Street New York, N. Y.

FOR SALE

Dwelling House off Touro street; will sell reasonable to quick purchaser.

No telephone inquiries.

Cottage on Morton Avenue, in first class condition well rented, and will be sold reasonable.

CLARENCE A. HAMMETT CO.,
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For Sale.

In the centre of the city not far from Government Landing, nine-room house with gas and furnace, in good order. Apply

J. B. Parsonage & Son,
Real Estate and Insurance
10 Franklin St., opp. Postoffice
Newport, R. I.
No telephone inquiries answered.

I have been instructed by the Heirs of John Caswell, deceased, to sell their Estate at

10 Willow Street.

The property comprises a good old-fashioned

HOUSE

With a new addition and bath-room and hot-air furnace, all in good condition, and two full house lots—....

10,000 Sq., Ft.

or 100 feet square.

SIMEON HAZARD,
32 Franklin St.

CHANNING STREET.

Cottage of seven rooms and bath. All improvements. 2,800 sq. feet of land.

For $4,000.

E. S. MARSH,
Real Estate and Insurance.
Realty Bldg. Phone 670.

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Special attention given to all details of selling, renting and general care of estates for local and non-resident customers.

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REALTY BUILDING.

FOR SALE,

AT JAMESTOWN, R. I.

Comfortable Cottage

With about 25,000 square feet of land with 110 feet frontage on the bay at reduced price; also, house of 14 rooms and bath, fronting on the water.

C. E. WEEDEN, Agent.

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The beautiful Caswell estate of 34 acres, in the city, on Maple avenue and Beacon street (entrance), adjoining Miantonomi Hill and between the Bruguiere and Andrews places, is now for rent or sale. It has a fine orchard, farm lands, pine groves, ten room house, large barn, etc.

Frederick H. Paine, Agent,
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Two tenement house, (18 roms), with lot containing over 6,700 square feet. Must be sold to settle estate. For particulars write or call upon

FRED W. GREENE Sole Agent.

If in want of

HORSE BLANKETS

Visit Gratrix.

No reasonable offer refused.

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GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS. GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

THE POSTOFFICE SQUARE MARKET.

(The Store That Satisfies.)

R. I. Pork to Roast	16c	Rib Roast Beef	16c, 18c
R. I. Fresh Shoulders	14c	Porterhouse Steaks	22c
Island Fowl	22c	Good Cuts Beef	12c, 14c
Fancy Chickens	23c	Beet Greens	50c a pk
Spice-Cured Corned Beef	8c	Spinach	30c a pk

Try one of our Smoked Island Hams.

15 Large Florida Oranges, 25c

Potatoes 65c a bushel.

W. C. SCOTT, POSTOFFICE SQUARE. Phone 543.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS. GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

OCCIDENT FLOUR

Is One of the Very Best Grades of Flour Milled.

THERE IS NONE BETTER.

I have a carload in today in all sizes of packages from a 5 lb. to a 98 lb. bag. Half and whole barrels in wood.

I guarantee this flour to be better in every way than any of the regular standard patents, and equal to any of the highest grades of fancy flour made regardless of price.

To introduce this flour in Newport I shall for a short time sell it at prices far below those of equal quality and warrant it to suit in every particular. Give it a trial and be convinced.

James A. Eddy,
Cash Grocery and Market,
237 Thames St.

Where you will always get good BUTTER.

Telephone 110.

We are receiving daily from

THIS ISLAND FRESH EGGS

The quality is fine. The price is lower.

Choice Sound Cranberries.

FOUR VARIETIES OF
COCOANUT MACAROONS
FINE GOODS.

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New Fresh Vegetables
—AT THE—
SEA SIDE MARKET.

Green Peas,	Green Beans,
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R. C. and Cie
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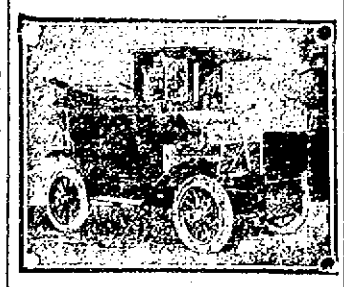

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Just received from the factory.

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Scientific Optometrist
—AND—
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118 SPRING ST.

Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Phone 185.

All kinds of optical repairing at short notice.

SPECIAL!

We offer Van Camp's Tomato Catsup, regular full pint bottles, for a short time at

14c a bottle

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WalterBaker's Breakfast Cocoa our regular price 19c a box

Strictly Fresh Island Eggs 35c a doz.; 3 doz. for $1

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Choice Pink Salmon, regular price 3 cans for 25c

Very Fancy New Orleans Molasses 50c a gallon

Takhoma Biscuit, still going at 4c a package

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The Boston Grocery,
City Hall Square, Broadway
O. F. Wilcox, Prop'r.
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KING ARTHUR FLOUR.

America's Highest Grade.

A Trial will convince you of its superiority.

SPECIAL SALES in our Meat Department Saturday Afternoon and evening.

T. FRED KAULL,
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Tel. 476.

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Large Fancy
NAVEL ORANGES
29c a dozen.
WYATT'S MARKET.
Tel. 338.

Salt Salmon,

Smoked Salmon, Smoked Halibut, Salt Cod Tongues, Salt Mackerel, Smoked Labrador Herring,

Easterbrooks's Sugar-Cured FINNAN HADDIE.

BROADWAY CASH FISH MARKET.

C. A. Easterbrooks, Prop'r,
Telephone 814 [illegible] Broadway.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, [illegible] West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS.
Published every afternoon except Sunday.

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T. T. Pitman, Proprietor.

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Journal and Weekly News. $2 a year.

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Publisher's Residence, 13 High St. 322

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for two dollars a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as new.

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Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week and are allowed fifty-two changes a year. Legal notices, auction sales, amusements, cards, wants, and lost and found are not included in space contract.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

Newport Daily News

SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1910.

EXCLUSIVE ASSOCIATED PRESS SERVICE FOR NEWPORT.

ELIZABETH BARRETT BROWNING.

One century and one year ago March 6 was born Elizabeth Barrett (Browning), England's greatest poetess—would it be too much to say, perhaps the world's? No writer ever exerted a better, happier influence, or expressed more noble and generous sentiments. In pure poetry she was a greater genius than her great husband, it is said. His intellect was more powerful, but for sheer beauty of diction, and for perfect music her finest work rose above the level of anything that he achieved. Even the common people welcomed "the fresh, strange music, the affluent language, the exquisite pathos, and true, new, brave thought," as Robert Browning characterized her poetry.

Mrs. Browning had a peculiar passion for humanity, which enabled her to render America the peculiar service of hastening its birth-throes as a free people. She writes:

"Bitter things I write
Because my soul is bitter for your sake,
O freedom!"

Yet she did not do this willingly—
"For I am bound by gratitude,
By love and blood,

To brothers of mine across the sea
Who stretched out kindly hands to me."

She spoke fearless words, and the influence of such a truth teller at such a crisis of a nation can hardly be overestimated. "Surely no higher service can be rendered a people than to summon it to its greatest heights, and to do this it must be made to feel its deepest shame. That this great poet and greater woman from her watch-tower in Italy for whose freedom her soul was in travail, could scan the American horizon and clearly discern our peril and her opportunity is a cause for undying gratitude. Truly,

"'A poet's heart
Can swell to a pair of nationalities.'"

CLEVELAND'S POLICE POLICY.

They conduct police business differently out in Cleveland from what they do in most places. The principle and rule in force there among the policemen is not to make an arrest unless it is absolutely necessary. This is so different from the usual policy that it has attracted a great deal of attention from police and municipal authorities all over the country. The operation of this plan involves several ideas which are not found in the general conduct of police business. One of these is the policeman-at-the-door scheme, in accordance with which an officer is stationed at the door of any place which is believed to be breaking the law, with instructions to take the names of all who enter the place, and the plan has been found to result in the complete cessation of business at the place so long as the policeman remains at the door. Another is the employment of the golden rule in dealing with offenders, which, in operation, means that those guilty of minor offenses are simply reprimanded with or without arrest, and then allowed to go free.

Chief of Police Kohler, who originated this plan of dealing with law breakers, believes that it is the right way to treat prisoners, and some of the features of the scheme have so commended themselves to other police officials and municipal authorities that they have copied them in their own cities. In all such cases one of the immediate results, as was, of course, to be expected, was a very large reduction in the number of arrests. This Chief Kohler says is a distinct gain in itself, for he holds that it does no good, but rather harm, to arrest those who have committed small offenses and do not really deserve the disgrace which follows arrest and court procedure. Not all who have to do with law breakers feel so confident about that, but many believe that some punishment should be imposed on all who break the laws, for the sake of example to others, and also for the restraining effect that the punishment is likely to have upon the one punished, to keep him from committing further offenses.

Whichever view is right in this connection, there is one very perceptible weakness in the plan, which makes it not only objectionable but even dangerous. This is the feature which gives to the police officer the power to decide whether an offender shall be arrested or sent to his home with a reprimand, and also gives power to the police heads to decide whether a prisoner shall be brought into court or allowed to go free without court procedure. This plan obviously puts in the hands of the police the power of the judge and the court, and that, too, without any real system, but simply on the hap-hazard judgment of the moment, and all this is so different from the method of procedure which is familiar in the treatment of offenders and prisoners that it is difficult indeed to believe that this new way is the better one, and that it would be well that it should be generally adopted by police authorities. There is, too, in this sort of procedure too wide an opportunity for the exercise of graft and the acceptance of hush money by the police to commend it for universal or even very general adoption. It is evident that only officials of the highest integrity can be trusted with the exercise of such full and arbitrary use of the power of imprisonment or release of those who have broken the laws.

It is a serious weakness of such a practice, too, that it must inevitably give to offenders the impression that they can break the law with impunity, that their offences will be overlooked, that they will escape punishment, and so they need not be careful about keeping within the strict limitations of the statutes. This influence on law breakers, which cannot be otherwise than unwholesome, is intensified and increased by the fact that it has been proved to be possible under this system for a man to be arrested several times in different parts of the city by different officers, and allowed to go free without any one of the officers knowing that any other has had the same experience with the same person. It is easy to understand that such a condition almost inevitably would breed contempt for the law and the police, and all who have any knowledge of police work realize that such a condition is a serious one to have exist in any community.

This new form of police procedure may be very well for Cleveland under its present police administration, but a very poor one to be adopted elsewhere, unless the same conditions obtain as in that city. It would be wise, therefore, for any city contemplating the inauguration of this plan to move slowly and cautiously in regard to such a radical departure from the ordinary police methods.

FORESTS AND FLOODS.

Chief Moore of the Weather Bureau has repeated to a Congressional committee the statements he made a few weeks ago, that the destruction of the forests had very little effect on floods. This opinion was expressed a year or two ago by a commission of army engineers which had been making extensive investigations of rainfall, and stages of flood waters.

The opposite opinion, however, is held not only by Gifford Pinchot, but by many scientific men both here and in France, where the Paris floods have drawn considerable attention to the subject. The New York Tribune printed a letter the other day from a man who attributed the Mohawk floods to the denudation of the hillsides, especially the cutting down of evergreens whose shade retarded the melting of the snow.

This is plausible, and yet the argument may be greatly overworked. If the surface of the country down to the margins of the rivers were covered with forests it would be natural to suppose that the snow would melt slowly; but the primeval forests had to be removed to make room for farms. It is impossible to give up arable land to forests, and the practical question is whether the forests on the mountain-sides where streams are small, where the rivers have their sources, can have much effect on the Mohawk or the Ohio or the Mississippi or the Seine where they flow through the lowlands, and where the country for many miles on each side of the main river and its affluents must be denuded of trees in order to permit of settlement.

It is entirely possible that the arguments of the forest advocates are good, but only within very narrow limits, and that practically they are without much force because along the greater part of their courses the rivers must flow through a country where there are relatively few trees, and that while the trees on the mountain-sides retard melting, and perhaps check the run-off after rains, they cannot have much influence on the bodies of the rivers.

While all sorts of organizations, political, social and business, in Providence and other parts of the state are coming out strongly in favor of the Grand Trunk railway charter, Newport says nothing, and yet Newport must be interested in the advent of a great railway which will connect the Pacific coast and the great resources of Canada and the Northwest directly with Narragansett bay. Such a railroad connection would be of inestimable value to the state generally. In Providence and the north part the one topic of conversation in the cars, on the streets and in the stores, shops and offices is the proposed charter and what the General Assembly will do with it. Aren't Newport's business interests concerned in it enough to stir up a public discussion of the matter by its business and political organizations?

Crocuses and other early spring flowers opening in the sunshine greeted Washington yesterday March 4 a year ago President Taft was inaugurated in a blizzard which crippled railroad traffic, seriously interfered with the inaugural ceremonies and gave a new impetus to the movement for changing the date of inauguration to a more congenial and warmer date, in later spring.

Cranston is practically a city. Only a slight amendment remains to be agreed to by the house, and then Governor Pothier is expected to approve the bill. It should have received the approval of the people of the town by expressed vote, but the measure will become a law without such approval. It is action which is practically without precedent in Rhode Island.

The bills for the month of February in New York show a reduction of $99,000 from last year. On this basis the lessened cost to the city, chiefly in the pay of discharged officials, in the first year of Mayor Gaynor's administration will be over $1,000,000.

If Commander Peary prefers to use his notes of the Arctic journey for commercial purposes, rather than submit them to Congress, he ought not to receive the thanks of Congress or any other national honors.

What a pity that a strike is ever resorted to to settle labor troubles! No matter what the immediate effect may be, the ultimate result must inevitably be to widen the breach between capital and labor.

"Good wine needs no bush" is an old saying, and it is equally applicable to the present weather, which needs no commendation, but speaks for itself.

President Taft is able to smile in contemplation of the first year of his administration—and it has not been altogether a satisfactory year.

The base ball players are getting into the early practice—another sign of coming summer.

Government is on trial in Philadelphia.

DICTATING TO GOVERNMENT.

[New York Sun.]

There is no reason for surprise at the notice served on the administration by the leaders of the striking Philadelphia trolley car employes that they have offered to man cars carrying the mails with men who will not be assaulted by mobs. The labor leaders couple with this offer the edifying declaration that if the traction company refuses to allow cars to be sent out under this arrangement, the company, and not they, should be held responsible for interfering with the mails.

The bland and innocent acknowledgment that the labor leaders are in complete control of the mobs in Philadelphia will not pass unnoticed. Disorder, they boast, will cease at the moment they bid it. In this they pursue the course followed by those whose treatment by the administration furnished the precedent that emboldened them to make their offer, the strikers who tied up the Georgia railroad system a year ago. In that case, it will be remembered, no offer of immunity for the business and agents of the United States Government came from the strikers. They were sought out by the officers of the government, and their generosity in behalf of the Postoffice Department was entreated....

The natural sequel of the display of weakness in the Gorgia railroad struggle is this impertinence of the labor leaders in the Philadelphia contest. From acceding to the humble requests of the government the unionists logically advance to the position of telling it what they are willing to permit and calling for the punishment of any person who does not submit to their terms. Their weapons are rioting and bloodshed, and their chief strength is the neglect of executive officers to perform their sworn duties.

BROWN UNIVERSITY TO RECEIVE LAMONT LIBRARY.

President Faunce of Brown University announces that arrangements have been practically completed for the presentation of the valuable library of the late Hammond Lamont to the English department of the college. Two of the classes which were in college when Professor Lamont was a member of the faculty, desiring to establish a fitting memorial to him, have undertaken to raise $1,000 each toward the purchase price, and other friends of the college and of Mr. Lamont have contributed the additional money needed. The transfer will be made in the near future.

The library consists of about 4,700 volumes, the greater part of it the practical working library which Professor Lamont had collected for use in his instruction in English rhetoric and literature. It is said by experts who are acquainted with it to be one of the best and most nearly complete of its kind in existence. Its value to the English department at Brown, which has heretofore had no adequate seminary library of its own, and has found the general college library insufficient for the needs of its students, will be very great.

THE ANTIDOTE OF FATIGUE.

[Technical World Magazine.]

Fatigue partakes of the nature of a disease, being itself due to a toxin. Just as in all other cases where such a toxin is produced, there is created side by side with it, in the human body affected, the antidote, a spontaneous product of nature from materials that she has always in her laboratory. The antidote, if plentiful enough, will counteract the poison and restore the sick body to health. If more than plentiful enough it more than counteracts the poison it fights and becomes a tonic, a sustaining substance that raises the efficiency of the body above that which we are accustomed to consider normal. The experimenter deduced this from the fact that in repeating a given physical exercise, after an interval of rest, the body shows greater capacity than in initial effort, indicating that there has been an overproduction, for the moment, of the antidote to fatigue caused by the first exercise of the muscles, and that it has become a stimulant.

Dr. Weichardt first recovered the supposed poisons of fatigue from the muscles of animals exhausted by weariness. A difficult technical process was necessary to this end, but accomplished its purpose, after considerable experiment. Obtaining finally a highly active substance in crystal form, he found that he could produce a genuine fatigue in creatures inoculated with it. Even death was brought about in some cases by means of such inoculation. By injecting then, the serum of animals treated with the fatigue toxin into the blood of other animals he found that the latter acquired a surprising faculty of resisting fatigue, and, even when doses of the fatigue toxin, which would have been fatal to the unprotected animals were administered to those so treated with serum, they showed little or no injury as a result.

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

Decision for Plaintiffs in Providence Tunnel Suit.

Campaign Against St. Patrick's Day Post-Cards—Wiley Denies Private Oyster Hearing.

It is declared by the supreme court to be the law of this state that a property owner may recover for damages inflicted on his property by dynamite blasting even when no physical substances have been thrown upon it, and although no negligence is shown on the part of those conducting the blasting operations. An opinion written by Judge Clarke H. Johnson has been handed down in the case of Thomas E. Hickey and wife against McCabe & Bihler, the tunnel contractors, and the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company and the Providence Terminal Company, sending the case to the superior court for a new trial on the ground that the plaintiffs were improperly non-suited. Thomas E. Hickey and Rose Hickey owned real estate above the East Side tunnel in Providence. They brought suit to recover damages, claiming that their property was injured by reason of the concussion of dynamite blasting in the construction of the tunnel, and because of the noisy operation of a cement mixer the rental value of the houses decreased. After all the evidence for the plaintiffs was in at the trial of the case in the superior court the defendants' motion for non-suit was granted, on the ground that no evidence had been offered of negligence on the part of the defendants. The supreme court says it is well settled that negligence need not be shown in order to recover for damage done by matter thrown by blasting on adjoining land.

Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, chairman of the Monetary Commission, was the speaker at the third dinner-discussion of the Economic Club at the Churchill House, Providence, last night. His subject was "The Work of the Monetary Commission." Mr. Aldrich gave a resume of the history of banking, comparing conditions abroad with those in this country, and discussed those differences in detail. He assured his audience that, as far as the commission is concerned, there will be a definite solution of the great financial question, and said he hoped to live long enough to see the credit of this country placed on an enduring basis, which would prevent the recurrence of such a spectacle as the general suspension of banks throughout the country.

Announcement is made that William N. Kimball, for 10 years superintendent of the Social and Nourse Mills of the Manville Company in Woonsocket, has been appointed agent of the concern's three mills in Woonsocket, and also its big plant in Manville. The plants employ over 5,000 operatives. Mr. Kimball has appointed Frederick Roach, assistant superintendent at Manville, to the superintendency of the plant there. Edward W. Houghton, superintendent at the Globe mill for 10 years, has been transferred to the superintendency of the Social and Nourse mills. Allen C. Arey, Jr., overseer of the carding at the Social mill, has been promoted to be superintendent of the Globe mill. Mr. Kimball, who has had wide experience in the cotton manufacturing business, came to this city nearly 10 years ago from Somersworth, N. H.

Mrs. Mercie Ann Fenner, widow of Jeremiah Fenner, died this week at her home in Providence, after a short illness. Mrs. Fenner comes from one of the oldest families in the state, and her ancestors owned the lot on which the old State House stands, having come to Rhode Island in Colonial times. She is descended from First Elder Pardon Tillinghast, John Greem, surgeon, and John Sweet, whose home lot was the site of the old State House. Mrs. Fenner has lived in the house where she died for more than 40 years, and during that time has seen most of the old residents of the neighborhood pass away. Mrs. Fenner was born in Exeter September 29, 1837, and was the daughter of John Gardiner and Hannah Gardner Sweet. June 17, 1866, she was married to Jeremiah Fenner of Providence and brought to the home on Cranston street, where she had lived since. Previous to her marriage she was a school teacher in many districts adjoining Exeter, and was well known throughout that community. She had been a member of the Roger Williams Free Baptist Church for 25 years.

An energetic and vigorous campaign has been inaugurated by the Irish societies of Providence against the so-called St. Patrick's day postal cards. Committees have been appointed to visit the stores in which they are sold, and also to ask the principals of the parochial schools to instruct the children under their care not to purchase them, and to keep away from stores in which they are displayed. The matter has been discussed recently at the meetings of the Irish National Foresters, the Ancient Order of Hibernians and the Gaelic Club. Considerable feeling was shown against the dealers who offer these cards for sale, as they are said to be insulting to the Irish people. At the last meeting of all these societies the members voted unanimously to join in the campaign to drive this sort of pictures from the market, and a resolution condemning their manufacture and sale was adopted.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry of the Agricultural Department, popularly known as "the pure food expert," says that a published report of a private hearing between himself and the Rhode Island delegates to the oyster hearing, held Wednesday and Thursday, is incorrect. The delegates—Messrs F. L. Homan of the American Oyster Company, George Gladding of the M. Dewing estate and Frank Bearsley of the Stratford Oyster Company—Dr. Wiley says, did ask him to let them tell him privately of the system employed for protecting the waters of Narragansett bay from pollution, but he declined, on the ground that the hearing was public and that no preference could be shown to the delegates from any state. The Rhode Island delegation, therefore, was not allowed to make any representations beyond those published as a part of the hearing.

HABITS OF SAINTS ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

Dr. Gordon P. Bowne, professor of philosophy in Boston University, in an address delivered before the members of the Methodist Students' Union, composed of Harvard and Boston University theological students, referred to the habits of men 100 years ago. He said the men of that time who were then considered saints would not be tolerated now. They were drunkards and slave traders. It took 35 bling and games of chance flourished barrels of cider to see many ministers' families through a winter. Gambling openly, and sometimes for avowed good purposes.

Union College, of New York, was built with funds obtained through a lottery, he said, and many other religious institutions and churches obtained their resources through similar methods. He added: "The politicians of 30 years ago were far more unscrupulous than those of today. The present politician is much more presentable and decent. The world was never so good as it is today."

MEMORIAL FUNDS.

The movement started by personal friends and professionals associates of Charles F. McKim, former president of the American Academy in Rome, to raise a memorial fund of $100,000 toward the $1,000,000 endowment fund which the academy is trying to raise, has been entirely successful. There was one subscription of $50,000, and the remainder of the $100,000 was made up by comparitively small subscriptions.

Friends of Augustus Saint-Gaudens also propose a similar memorial to him, and started the movement to raise the same amount—namely, $100,000—as a contribution to the academy's $1,000,000 endowment fund.

The American Academy in Rome so far has received subscriptions of $100,000 each from J. Pierpont Morgan, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Henry Walters, Henry C. Frick, James Stillman and Henry L. Higginson, for Harvard University. The Society of Beaux-Arts Architects and Columbia and Yale universities have promised to contribute. When $900,000 shall have been raised it is confidently expected that John D. Rockefeller will subscribe the last $100,000.

COLORITE.

Now is the time to fix up your Easter hat. All colors, 25c.

100 dozen White Tea Cups and Saucers, 1st quality, 90c per dozen.

Good Brooms 39c. While they last. No goods delivered.

Daniel E. Sullivan,

Old City Hall Novelty Shop.
Tel. 665.

To the Electors of the Town of Jamestown.

The Undersigned hereby gives notice that the annual Town Meeting for the Election of Officers and transaction of general Town's business for the year ensuing the first Wednesday in April 1910, will be held in the Town Hall on Wednesday, April 6th, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M. all nominations for town officers must be in the hands of the Undersigned or filed in the Town Clerk's office on or before midnight Monday, March 21st, 1910.

WM. H. SEVERANCE,
Town Clerk.

Jamestown March 4th, 1910.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
Providence, March 4th, 1910.

Public Hearing.

The Committee on Corporations of the House of Representatives will hear all persons interested in the bill entitled

"An Act to Incorporate the Southern New England Railway Company.

In Room 313, State House, Providence, on Friday, March 11th, 1910, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

HORACE N. HASSARD, Chairman.
JOHN J. ROSENFELD, Clerk.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Providence, March 3 1910.

Public Hearing.
BILL-BOARDS.

The Committee on Judiciary of the House of Representatives will hear all persons interested in Senate Bill 22 entitled "An Act authorizing cities and towns to regulate certain out-door advertising" in Committee Room 228, State House, Providence on Thursday, March 10, 1910, upon the rising of the House.

ROBERT S. FRANKLIN, Chairman.
ARTHUR A. RHODES, Clerk,
86 Weybosset Street.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.
SENATE CHAMBER.
Providence, March 2, 1910.

Public Hearing.

In Relation to Use of Armories to Other Than Military Bodies.

The Committee on Militia of the Senate will hear all persons interested in the bill entitled, "An Act in Amendment of Section 27 of Chap. 394 of the Public Laws passed at the Jan. session A. D. 1909 entitled an act in relation to the Organization, Maintenance, Government and Discipline of the Militia (885)" in Senate hearing room 313, State House, Providence, on Wednesday, March 9th, 1910, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

GEO. T. GORTON, Chairman.
HARRY PAULSON, Clerk.

STERLING INLAID SPOONS.
Guaranteed to wear twenty-five years.
American Beauty Rose
26 pieces for
$18.00.
—AT—
GLAZIER'S,
96 Spring Street.

CONSTRUCTING QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Fort Adams, R. I., February 16, 1910. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received in this office until 10 A. M. March 7 1910, for construction of riprap fill, railway and grading at the wharf at Fort Wetherill, R. I. Plans and specifications can be seen and information and blank forms obtained in this office. United States reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Frank H. Phipps, Jr., 1st Lieut. C. A. C., Const'g. Q. M.

M. BIESEL.
Embroideries, Stamped Goods;
And all Materials; Yarns, Wool, Hand-Made, Knit and Crochet Goods, Toys, Dolls, Notions, Stamping, Plaiting and Pinking, Beads.
140 BELLEVUE AVENUE

THE WEATHER.

BOSTON, March, 5, 8 A. M.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity—Fair and slightly warmer tonight; Sunday fair; light variable winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Fair and generally clear weather continues to prevail over the country, except light local rains in the northern Pacific coast. The barometer continues high over eastern districts. Over the central portion of the country it is about normal and has fallen over Rocky mountain sections and north western sections. The temperature is generally somewhat higher in New England. At 8 a. m. it ranged from 26 in northern to 38 in southern parts. At New York it was 40, Washington 36, Atlanta 58, St. Louis 50, Chicago 48, St. Paul 38, Omaha 36, Kansas City 45, Denver 42, Los Angeles 54, San Francisco 48 and Portland, Oregon 40.

J. W. Smith,
Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

	8 h	12 h	2 h
Temperature	38	44	44
Barometer	30.26	30.28	30.29
Wind	W	S	S
Weather	Clear	Clear	Clear

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

SATURDAY, MARCH 5.
Sun rises .... 6 h 15 m
Sun sets .... 5 h 41 m
Moon rises .... 2 h 21 m
Length of day .... 11 h 26 m
Day's increase .... 2 h 16 m
High water ...... 2 h 15 m; 3 h 05 m

SUNDAY, MARCH 6.
Sun rises .... 6 h 13 m
Sun sets .... 5 h 42 m
Moon rises .... 3 h 21 m
Length of day .... 11 h 29 m
Day's increase .... 2 h 19 m
High water ...... 3 h 17 m; 4 h 01 m

MONDAY, MARCH 7.
Sun rises .... 6 h 12 m
Sun sets .... 5 h 43 m
Moon rises .... 4 h 14 m
Length of day .... 11 h 31 m
Day's increase .... 2 h 21 m
High water ...... 4 h 14 m; 4 h 53 m

TUESDAY, MARCH 8.
Sun rises .... 6 h 10 m
Sun sets .... 5 h 44 m
Moon rises .... 5 h 01 m
Length of day .... 11 h 31 m
Day's increase .... 2 h 21 m
High water ...... 5 h 07 m; 5 h 40 m

Moon's Phases.
New Moon, March 11, 7 h 13 m, A. M.
First Quarter, March 17, 10 h 38 m P. M.
Full Moon, March 26, 8 h 22 m P. M.
Last Quarter, April 2, 4 h 26 m, P. M.

NEW TODAY.

[Only first insertions listed here.]

	page
Wanted—Cook	2
Lost—Spectacles	7
Lost—Side Comb	7
Religious Notices	8
Bee Hive—Waists	1
Lost—Sleigh Bells	7
Cures Weak Kidneys	6
Barney Jewett Pianos	8
Public Hearing—Militia	4
Newport Coal Company	1
Exceptional Opportunity	7
Opera House—Vaudeville	5
Savings Bank of Newport	7
Furniture, etc., at Auction	8
J. H. Drury & Co.—Olives	8
Lost—Hunting-Case Watch	7
Lincoln Hammett & Co.—Notice	2
J. L. Cummings—Sale of Shoes	7
H. Biesel & Son—Saddle Makers, etc.	7
The Perry Coal Co.—O. C. Coals	8
J. H. Kazanjian & Co—39c. Sale	1
A. C. Titus Co.—Vacuum Cleaner	1
Mortgagee's Sale—Lawton Estate	8
Public Hearing—N. E. Railway Co.	4
Rogers—I Am Always Dreaming of You	[illegible]

TO INSURE INSERTION ON THE DAY DESIRED, CHANGES OF ADVERTISEMENTS SHOULD BE SENT IN THE NIGHT BEFORE.

FOR SALE for $2,600

Dwelling on Bay View Avenue. Nine Rooms bath and concrete cellar.

HERBERT L. DYER,
142 BELLEVUE AVENUE,
Branch office 64 Broadway.

BOSTON INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE, AUTOMOBILE and MARINE RISKS.
Capital One Million.
Surplus Three Millions

HENRY BULL, JR.,
Gas Building 183 Thames Street.

FOR SALE,
A cottage house of ten rooms on East Bowery Street, for $2,800

FOR SALE,
A two family Dwelling near St. Mary's Church. 12 Rooms, annual rent $300, $3,000.

HENRY BULL, Jr., Agent.
GAS BUILDING,
183 THAMES STREET.

For Saturday,
MARCH 5, 1910.

Chocolate Nougatines,
Chocolate Cocoanut Caramels,
Chocolate Cream Assorted,
Chocolate Jellies,
Cherry Creams,
Mexican Kisses,
Ice Cream Fudge,
Cocoanut Dips,
Butter Scotch Strings,
Newport Puffs,
Molasses Chips,
Chocolate Chips,
Sheet Caramels and a variety of others

At 20c a lb.

We are still making a large variety of Coffee Cakes.

H. D. FRASCH,
Tel. 987. 170 Thames St.

Champion's Line.
NAPHTHA LAUNCHES, SAIL AND ROW BOATS TO LET BY HOUR, DAY OR WEEK.

FLOWERS
For Weddings, Funerals, Etc
Please leave your orders at my store or telephone and I shall attend them at once. Prices very low.
H. J. Hass
190 THAMES ST.

SUMMER QUARTERS, 1910.
1. Villas and Cottages completely furnished for coming summer in Newport, to let.
2. Similar Villas and Cottages for Jamestown, to let.
3. Bellevue Avenue Stores for fashionable business, several to let.
4. Asknowledgments taken daily from 9 till 6, as Notary Public, and as Commissioner of Deeds for the principal States.
132 Bellevue Ave. (Telephone 324)
A. O'D. TAYLOR, Real Estate Agent.

DIED.

WYATT—In Middletown, 3d inst., Benjamin Wyatt, in the 82th year of his age.
Funeral services at the Methodist Church, Middletown, Sunday, March 6, at 1:30 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited.
CUSHING—In this city, 4th inst., at the residence of his brother, Edward Henry, 9 West Narragansett avenue, John Cushing, son of the late David and Elizabeth Cushing.
Funeral Sunday, March 6, at 2 P. M. at St. Mary's Church at 2:30. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.
SODERMAN—In this city, 4th inst., Marie Charlotte, widow of Claes R. Soderman, aged 75 years.
Funeral services at her late residence, 25 Gidley street Sunday, March 6 at 3:30 P. M.
HOLDEN—In Providence, 4th inst., George Henry Holden, in his 85th year.
McNEILL—In Providence, 4th inst., William P. McNeill, in his 45th year.
PHILLIPS—In Providence, 4th inst., Robert J. Phillips.
ROWE—In Providence, 4th inst., Charles Rowe, in his 63d year.
SAFFORD—In Providence, 4th inst., William A. Safford.
BYRNE—In Warren, 3d inst., Mary, widow of Louis Byrne.
COLE—In Bristol, 4th inst., Alvin F. Cole, in his 54th year.
MORLEY—In Thornton, 4th inst., Onite Morley, in her 83d year.
TASKER—In East Providence, 4th inst., Cordelia C., wife of William H. Tasker, in her 65th year.
DYER—In Fall River, 4th inst., Mary Dyer, in her 86th year.
WAITE—In Fall River, 4th inst., John H. Waite, in his 64th year.

JOHN S. LANGLEY, Undertaking
16 Franklin Street.
FREDK E. LANGLEY, Mgr.
Telephone 879-1118.

SAMUEL W. MARSH,
Undertaker and Licensed Embalmer,
101 Thames Street.
Night calls answered from residence 11 Cranston Ave. Office Tel. 923; Res 1011

Farm on the Island
FOR RENT.
6 acres, cottage and stable, $500.00 yearly.
Cottages from $240 to $500 yearly.
Large list of half houses and tenements from $6.50 per month up.
FIRE INSURANCE. SURETY BONDS
C. H. WRIGHTINGTON,
30 Bellevue Ave. Phone 770

I'm Always Dreaming of You.
Words and music by
JOHN E. MULLALY and STELLA MORAN.
19c.
ROGERS'S Music Store.
210 Thames Street.

Indian,
A New Red Ash Coal
Free Burning and Clear from Slate, try a ton from
PINNIGER & MANCHESTER CO.
341 Thames Street.

"Put on Your Old Grey Bonnet."
"Has Anybody Here Seen Kelly?"
"The Hat My Father Wore Upon St. Patrick's Day."
All the latest hits on the Edison
Come in and hear them played on the new "Edison Amberola." Largest and most complete stock of Edison records and machines in the city.
Open W. A. MAHER, Tel.
Evenings 13 Farewell. 971

DO YOU WANT A
HEDGE PLANTED?
Spring is the time. Ask my price. Gentlemen's estates and resident places cared for, new ground graded.
S. Nicholson, 47 [illegible] Street

ROGERS DUPLICATES VICTORY.

Beats Attleboro Y. M. C. A. Team on Its Own Floor, 25-12.

Naval Reserves Defeated at Paterson, Being Excelled by the Crescents in Both Halfs.

Friday evening the Rogers High School basket ball team moved on to Attleboro, and played a return game with the Young Men's Christian Association team of that place. The Rogers boys duplicated their victory over this team a few weeks ago, and defeated Attleboro on their own floor, 25-12. The game was directly opposite to that of the night before, in several respects. In the first place, it was not nearly so fast or closely contested. In the second period the Newporters ran away from the home team, and if they had not been rather tired from Thursday's hard contest, and their wanderings, Attleboro would have been snowed under. If the Rogers boys had had any sort of luck in shooting, too, they would have rolled up a much larger total, as the Newporters had at least five shots to their opponents' one.

Another thing which pleased Rogers was the perfect impartiality of the official. This was especially welcome after the treatment received in Woonsocket. In the latter city the referee called all sorts of imaginary fouls on Rogers, while he allowed things from the home team some of which would hardly have been tolerated in a football game. It was through these fouls that Woonsocket secured the victory, for each team secured the same number of goals from the field. In last evening's contest, however, the referee was far more strict but he did not favor the home team at all—in fact he called nine fouls on Attleboro to six on Newport. This total—15—was only one less than that of the Woonsocket game, but, in the opinion of the Rogers players, none of them—at least those against the home team—would have been called if Woonsocket's official had refereed last night's game. If, on the other hand, Dr. McPherson, Friday evening's official, had been in charge of the first game he would probably have forfeited the game.

The clean sportsmanship of the spectators at Friday's game was another feature which contrasted favorably with the attitude of the Woonsocket crowd. There they hissed and jeered at the Newporters, and did everything in their power to annoy them. In Attleboro, however, the onlookers were not in the least hostile to the visitors, and applauded their good plays as much as, if not more than those of their favorites. For example, when Anthony dropped in one of his phenomenal long shots, any spectator, not knowing the circumstances, would have imagined that it had been the winning basket for the home team, judging from the cheering.

The game was rather queer to watch. For half the first period both teams seemed to be asleep, and to have lost all their skill in shooting. The ball was under Attleboro's basket most of the time, but Rogers could not drop it in. The ball kept rolling first to one side and then to the other, and the Rogers boys had any amount of tries, but were unsuccessful. It was a little more than eight minutes before there was an entry in the score-book, and then Fludder broke the ice with one of his pretty goals. Previous to this Rogers had had three chances to score from fouls and Attleboro two, but on none of these was there any scoring.

After Fludder had shown the way, Rose followed his example and opened his scoring with a pretty shot from the middle of the hall. Then Stone secured his one basket, and Attleboro's only score for the half, but Rose soon began his scoring again, and dropped two baskets through the net. The first of these was a comparatively short shot, but the second was another of his wonders. This was not only a very pretty long shot, but was a one-handed throw, besides. Rose received the ball on a pass and threw the ball so quickly that it hardly seemed as if he had touched it. A little later Fludder succeeded in caging the ball from a free try, and the score for the half stood 9-2. During this period it took Rogers a long time to strike her pace, and neither team played in its usual form. On the evening before the Attleboro men had made a hard trip too, and so were rather tired.

In the second half the Rogers team came nearer to its usual speed, and piled up a score of 16. At times the passing was fully up to par, and there was better luck in shooting, although they still missed a large percentage of their chances. On the other hand, the Attleboros came back strong, and showed vast improvement over their playing in the first half. At times their passing kept the Newporters guessing and their shooting, too, was much better.

Shortly after the opening whistle Mowry began his scoring, and cut Rogers's lead down two points by caging his first goal. Soon, however, Rose recovered this margin, and then Fludder tossed the ball clearly through the net from two free chances, and Rogers led, 13-4. Here "Knoxie" came to the fore, and caged the ball once for the Rogers cause. After this Fludder made his second field goal, bringing Rogers's total up to 17. Here it was that Mowry succeeded in making his second contribution, but Rose evened matters by dropping in still another goal.

Then it was Anthony's turn, and he increased Rogers's lead two points by making his sensational basket while coming nearly under the home team's basket. Anthony has lately acquired the habit of dropping in at least one of these wonders - very game, so that the Newport fans have grown to expect them, and hardly consider a game complete without one; but this beauty left the Attleboro fans completely by surprise, and they applauded splendidly. Some of the spectators said it was the prettiest shot they had seen this season.

Meanwhile Mowry added two points to his sum on fouls, and then Rose closed Rogers's scoring with two pretty goals, one right after the other. Soon Mowry made a neat long shot from near the centre of the floor, and followed this with his fourth and last a little later, thus closing the score. The score for the half was 16-10, in Rogers's favor.

For the home team Mowry was the star, scoring 10 of the total of 12. Stone, at centre, did good work in holding Peckham down, and Beaddle played well in the defense. Johnson did some nice blocking until forced to retire on account of a sprain, and Storey, who took his place, kept up the good work. Rose was the star for the visitors. He gave a great exhibition of floor-work, and also dropped in seven of Rogers's field goals. Fludder was the next highest scorer, making seven points, and, together with Anthony, looked after the defense in great shape. Although Knox and Peckham did not do much in the scoring line, they did considerable good foot-work and passing.

The line-up:

Rogers	Attleboro
Knox, r. f.	l. b., Beaddle
Rose, l. f.	r. b., Johnson
	r. b., Spinny
Peckham, c.	c. Stone
Fludder, l. b.	r. f., Gibeault
Anthony, r. b.	l. f., Mowry

Score—R. H. S. 25; Attleboro 13. Baskets—Rose 7, Fludder 2, Knox, Anthony; Mowry 4, Stone. Goals from fouls—Fludder 3; Mowry 2. Referee—Dr. McPherson. Timer—Tallman. Time—Two 20-minute halves.

At Patterson last night, in what may be the last game of the trip, the Naval Reserves basket ball team was defeated by the Crescents, 23 to 11. Roche did not play for the locals, lengthy Otkins of the Kingston team being secured to take his place. He played at centre, his usual position, and McMahon went forward in Roche's place and did well. The Crescents had their regular line-up on the floor, and, as usual, played a strong game. It looks at this distance like another case of referee, for McNabb had seven points on fouls and McMahon only one; but that is to be expected outside of Newport. Crescent excelled in both halves, the score being 11 to 6 in the first and 12 to 5 in the second. The line-up:

Crescents.	Reserves.
McNabb, l. f.,	r. b., Dunn
Love, r. f.,	l. b., Shea
Hill, c.,	c.,Otkins
Wallum, l. b.,	r. f., McMahon
Biggane, r. b.,	l. f., Harvey

Score—Crescents 23; Reserves 11. Baskets—McNabb 2, Love 1, Wallum 4, Biggane 1; Harvey 1, McMahon 2, Otkins 1, Dunn 1. From fouls—McNabb 7; McMahon 1.

At the Guild Hall last night the fourth game of the series between the Galahads and the Algonkins for the cup given by Rev. Stanley C. Hughes was played. The game was fast throughout the first half, the score being close at all times. This half ended 8 to 7 in Galahad's favor.

The second half opened in the same way, but, owing to the grease on the arms of the Galahad players, they slipped right away from the Algonkins, and in a short time the score had run up to 20 to 8. By this time the grease had dried up and the Algonkins had a better chance to win. This they showed, for in the last four minutes of play they succeeded in shooting three baskets, leaving the score 20 to 14 in Galahad's favor. The line-up:

Galahad	Algonkin
Reigel, r. f.	l. b., Koschny
Lawrence, l. f.	r. b., Armstrong
Reynolds, c.	c., Greason
Heine, r. b.	l. f., Moore
Rodda, l. b.,	r. f., Hershman

Score—Galahads 20; Algonkins 14. Goals from floor—Reigel 3, Lawrence 1, Reynolds 4, Heine 1, Rodda 1; Koschny 2, Moore 1, Hershman 1. Goals from fouls—Greason 1, Moore, 2, Hershman 1. Referee—Young. Umpire—Stevens. Scorer—Carr. Timekeeper—Jemail. Time—Two 20-minute halves.

The Pawtucket High School Five cancelled the game with the Father Mathew Total Abstinence team. When word reached the hall that the Pawtuckets had cancelled it was too late in the week to secure a fast team, and it was thought better to let the dates go by than to play some team that would not be able to put up a good game. The next game will be with the local Algonkins. This will be the first game in a series to be played by these two teams. A battle royal is expected, as the Algonkin team was the first to defeat the local Rogers High School on its own floor this year. Next week the Boston College Girls' basket ball team has been booked to play and a good game is expected.

A POLICE EXHIBIT.

Quite a Collection of Curious Articles Found Over Private Dillon's Quarters at Fort.

Inspector Tobin has been doing some diligent scouting since the arrest of Private John A. Dillon of the One Hundred and Tenth company, and, as a result, he has quite a collection of articles which ordinarily would not be found on a reservation in the portion assigned for the privates. There were four large covered dishes—two with the initial "O" on them, and evidently from "Wild Acres," the residence of Mr. A. H. Olmstead; there is a smaller round one, also with a cover; then there is a sword, apparently one of the Japanese two-handed swords of ancient date, with a hilt and sheath, or scabbard, of ivory finely carved in the best of style. The end of the scabbard is missing, but the sword is intact. These were found in the loft over the quarters occupied by Private Dillon. There are, besides, a number of smaller articles which were found in his locker, and which may be identified as coming from either the Hutton or the Olmsted house.

Altogether the police station had quite an exhibit of material such as it does not ordinarily have, and the evidence seems to accumulate that Dillon was interested in the break at "Wild Acre" as well as at "Shamrock Cliff." Some of the articles have candle grease on them, showing that part of the work was done at night. It must have taken more than one man, or many trips, to have moved this material to the fort and conceal it there, for naturally, it had to be hidden from the other men.

GREAT DEMAND FOR ANCHORS.

Chester B. Tallman says there seems to be an unusual demand for anchors, judging by the telephone calls he has had in regard to that anchor recently picked up by the Success and Hattie. A careful computation made last night gives the weight of that anchor at 3,750 pounds. Then there is the chain. It takes two able-bodied men to move even a small section of the chain. "Chet" says this anchor and chain were never designed for use on a catboat, and it is useless for any but owners of full-rigged ships to apply for the outfit; they could not carry it off—much less hoist it.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—A stranger charged with begging in the Kay street district was arrested by the police this morning.

—Mr. Purcell, though ill, was again called to New York last night on account of the illness of his brother in that city.

—A. D. Terburne of New York, G. B. Massey, Jr., of Montclair, N. J.; W. L. Ripka of Philadelphia, E. R. Taft of Springfield and F. H. Sherman of Providence are registered at the Perry House.

—The third day of sunshine and pleasant weather and the spring-like feeling this morning were to much for some of the base ball cranks, and some were out for a toss of the ball and attempts at catching it at noon.

—The superior court will come in Monday morning for its regular March session, and the usual monthly motion day will also be in order. It is expected that there will not be much business at this session, but then in court proceeding expectations often go astray.

"BELCOURT" FOR A HOTEL.

In Addition Large Fireproof Hostelry Will be Erected.

Unsurpassed for Location, Structure Will Be on a Scale of Magnificent Proportions.

That there is business in the proposition to convert "Belcourt" into a summer hotel is shown by the prospectus which Mayor Boyle has received in regard to the proposed new hotel, which reads as follows:

"Belcourt Inn,
"Newport, Rhode Island.

"'Belcourt,' the Newport estate of the late O. H. P. Belmont, Esquire, comprising the beautiful building, in the French Renaissance style of architecture, built and occupied by Mr. Belmont, and about 12 acres of the best land in Newport, is to be used as a hotel. In addition, a fireproof hostelry, with 250 rooms and 150 baths, will be erected. Messrs. Price & MacLanahan of Philadelphia, the well known architects, have designed a very charming and effective structure, with many novel features. An ambulatory 400 feet long affords an opportunity for a promenade that will become famous. A large ballroom of perfect shape and size will bring together the best known of the world's social leaders. The beautiful grounds are in perfect condition, and will be used for tennis, roque, lawn fetes, concerts and promenades. The guests of the hotel will have an ocean view from all the rooms, as the site is the best in Newport. Directly opposite Spouting Rock Beach, and bordering on Lily pond, its location is unsurpassed. Some of the most exclusive villas in the world are in the immediate neighborhood. The hotel combined with 'Belcourt' will be the centre of the social life of Newport for the summer months.

"On a scale of magnificent proportions, it will be the meeting ground of the elite of society. Newport, with its wonderful climate, its superlative greatness and its reputation as the Queen of Water Places, has no finer gem than 'Belcourt.' Extraordinary brain power, finely developed taste and unlimited capital united in creating a palace of art that has no equal. The beautiful octagon dining room, walled with mirrors and mysteriously lighted, the reception rooms and halls lined with tapestry, the noble staircase encased with rare woods, the world-celebrated armoring room with its immense fireplace, the ambulatory and the private suites, the rare stained-glass collected from all parts of the Old World, unite in making 'Belcourt,' the most interesting place in Newport. It would not be possible to duplicate 'Belcourt' in all its glory for less than $1,000,000. With 'Belcourt' fronting on Bellevue avenue and the new hotel building fronting on Ocean avenue, and its exclusive surroundings, it will compare favorably with the best hostelries of this or any other country.

"Many millions of dollars are invested in the surrounding real estate. Newport society leaders have long recognized the fact that a hotel worthy of Newport is needed. They are prepared to welcome one, and are ready to patronize it. 'Belcourt' is ideally planned for functions on a large scale, and will be rented for receptions, balls and banquets, and also as headquarters for wealthy bachelors. The new building is planned to accommodate family patronage. A fireproof garage, with full equipment for a large number of motor cars, will be erected on the premises. Architects' plans, maps and any further details will be furnished upon request.

"The national lawn tennis tournament, the famous Horse Show and the national polo contests are yearly events at Newport. Few summer resorts offer as rich a treat to lovers of nature or as fine an opportunity for the enjoyment of outdoor life. Social entertainment in endless variety is open to all. An American Society and Newport Life will put it in its August number:

"'Newport in the future will be the greatest summer resort in the world. There is no other place in the country which possesses the natural and artificial charms of the summer capital, and its destiny is manifest. For years these charms have been enjoyed by a few scores of families, but the ultra-exclusiveness of the past is now beginning to be regarded as provincial, and in the near future Newport will open wide her gates to all cultured people who possess the necessary wealth.'

"The New York Yacht Club, the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club, the Larchmont, and, in fact, many of the leading yacht clubs make annual cruises to Newport, and are liberal patrons of hotel accommodations.

"A common complaint of visitors to Newport has been that they could not return social courtesies, for want of adequate hotels. To again quote from American Society 'The modern hotel with its supreme luxury has long since received the emphatic approval of society.' In London, Paris and New York the hotel is the centre of social life.

"The Belcourt Company.

"A company to be incorporated under the laws of the state of New York, with a capital of $1,000,000, divided into 200 shares of $5,000 each, is being formed for the purpose of owning and maintaining 'Belcourt' as a hotel. The property consists of 'Belcourt' and about 12 acres of valuable land, in addition to which a large modern hotel is to be erected.

"Fifty shares are hereby offered for subscription at $5,000 each, to a selected list of investors. The stock is all common stock, and shareholders have equal rights. The new building will be concrete and fireproof, with all modern conveniences. Rooms, en suite and singly, hot and cold water and long distance telephone in every room. Public and private dining rooms, steam heat and electric lighting. The cuisine will be of the best.

"The possible earnings are estimated at $485,000.

"The operating expenses are estimated at $285,000.

"Estimated profits equal to 20 per cent on capital, $200,000.

"The phenomenal growth of the hotel business is well known. In most instances of favorable location and reasonable capitalization, dividends have been satisfactory to investors.

"The right is reserved to reject any or all subscriptions.

"Upon receipt of cheque payable to Belcourt Company a temporary receipt will be sent, to be exchanged for engraved certificates later. All cheques received after subscription list has closed will be returned to sender at once.

"Office: Room 811, 45 West 34th Street, New York City.

"Telephone, Murray Hill 127."

MRS. PEASE'S FAMILY ALBUM.

"The Family Album" was exhibited at the monthly church social at the Second Baptist Church Friday evening. It was shown by Mrs. Bradford Robbins, who was dressed as Mrs. Almira Pease, and described in an interesting manner the various pictures as they were successively shown a the album. The portraits were represented as follows: Mother, Mrs. I. C. Sanford; Father, Mr. B. B. Coggeshall; Me, as a Little Girl, Miss Marian Caswell; Eben, Rudolph Haas; Me, as a Bride, Miss Ella Sanford; the Twins, Miss Lila Mumford and Miss Ethel Jones; the Parson, Frank J. Kimball; the Parson's Wife, Mrs. William Dawley; the Parson's Boy, Carl Patrick; Sister Jane Higgins, Mrs. A. A. Barker; Sister Jane's Husband, Mr. Charles M. Cole; Sophia, Miss Owena MacLellan; Anna Eliza, Miss Mary Austin; the Village Beauty, Mrs. Savory; Grandpa Hobbs, Mr. Hudson B. Kingman.

Early in the evening a conundrum supper was served under the direction of the social committee, Miss Annie B. Manuel, chairman, the conundrums being the names of the various dishes on the menu, which those who partook were expected to select, whether they knew what was coming or not.

REHEARSING FOR "ARRAH-NA-POGUE."

Rehearsals are being held almost nightly for the coming performances of "Arrah-na-Pogue," which is to be given by the St. Joseph Dramatic Club at the Opera House for the benefit of the building fund of St. Joseph's Church. The cast will include a number of young people who have been active in former productions of the club, as well as several new comers, whose work is said to be fully up to the high standard attained by the organization in previous performances.

Mr. Arthur P. Jennings is in charge of the event, and has given much time and attention to the production.

FOR FOOT TROUBLES USE THE

ARROWSMITH ARCH PROP.

Prescribed by leading Physicians and Orthopedists for weak insteps.

Made from German Silver this prop cannot rust. It can be gradually heightened as the condition of the foot improves.

We have made a careful, thorough study of the proper fitting of Arch Supports and will be glad to explain the merits of the Arrowsmith.

B. F. DOWNING, 3d. 191 Thames St.

MILLINERY.

Final Clearance Sale!

We are determined not to carry any Hats over for next season, so we will sell all our Trimmed Hats at $1.98, $2.98 and $4.98; former prices as high as $25.00.

Untrimmed Beaver Hats $1.98 and $2.98; balance of Fur Turbans 98c. and $1.98.

Untrimmed Silk and Velvet Hats, 98c. and $1.98; Felt Shapes, 50c. 75c. and 98c.

Everything must go regardless of price!

BON TON MILLINERY,

283 THAMES ST.

Phone 027.

SCHREIER'S,

143 THAMES STREET.

GREAT MILLINERY SALE!

Trimmed Hats

Your Choice 98c.

We intend to clear out every winter hat.

Notice.

Pending alterations in my new store on Bellevue Avenue, I will be pleased to see my customers at my home.

204 SPRING ST.

MISS M. E. TOBIN,

MILLINERY.

"The Bargain Shop"

Will have the following SPECIALS for Saturday.

Fresh Pork	.15
Fresh Ham	.16
Fresh Shoulders	.14
Legs Lamb	.18
Forequarters Lamb	.10
Chops	.22
Mutton Chops	.16
Fresh Rump Beef	.12 1-2
Boston Rolls	.14-.16
Porterhouse Steak	.22
Short Steak	.20
Spice-Cured Corned Beef	.8
Corned Tongues	.16
Sausage Meat,	3 lbs for .50
Fowls	.20
Small Sweet Breads per pair	.25
Pickled Tripe,	4 lbs .25
Home Rendered Lard	.18
Beet Greens, per pk	.40
Pineapples, 15c. ea.,	2 for .25
Large Navel Oranges,	doz. .30

H. F. RODNEY, 251 Thames St.

YELLOW PINE AND MAPLE

FLOORING.

A. & H. G. Hammett

Lumber, Hardware, Sewer Cement, Brick, Etc.

319--321 Thames St.

CLOTHING.

Advance Styles of Spring Woolens have arrived.

Smart and Snappy Goods.

OTTO,

Men's Tailor,

244 Thames Street.

1910.

I am now showing the "newest" in Ladies' Cloakings and Suitings, also the Latest Models for 1910.

The remainder of my Fall and Winter Suitings for Men will be closed out at reduced prices.

Neil McLennan,

Ladies' and Men's Tailor.

200 THAMES STREET.

You will be delighted in looking over our beautiful new line of carriages. All up-to-date 1910 styles.

WAKEFIELD ROADSTERS,

PULLMAN SLEEPERS,

AUTO CARTS.

From $2.50 Up.

Your carriage will have the stamp of quality if it comes from

WALSH BROTHERS

SHINGLES,

Extras $4.20 a 1000 cash.
Clears 3.65 a 1000 cash.

Spruce Framing Timber, Clapboards,

Spruce Covering Boards Finishing Lumber, all kinds; Matched Flooring, Sheathing, Windows, and Doors and Frames, Sash and Blinds, Storm Sash, Dowels, Hobins, Sheathing Paper, Mastic.

HARDWARE.

Nails, Spikes, Screws, Locks, Knobs, Hinges, Hooks, and all other kinds.

PAINTS.

Ready mixed, all colors; Glass, Putty, Oil Colors, Wall Paper, Burlap, Sanitas, Artists' Goods, Brushes, Shellac, Varnish, Floor Wax, Gasoline.

50 STAMP VIEWS of Newport 10 cents.

KINDLINGS
4 barrels delivered $1.00

69 Mill Street.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

NEWPORT OPERA HOUSE
CARN&GROSSCO, Mgrs.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 3, 4, 5.

Matinee at 2:15.

Evening Performances at 7 and 8:30.

THE DURANTS,

In The Substitute

KIPP and COLE,

Musical Artists.

Amy ARMSTRONG & ASHTON Mae

Character Change Artists

4—HEADLINE PICTURES—4

Week Commencing Mon., Mar. 8.

ANNUAL ENGAGEMENT OF NEWPORT'S FAVORITE ACTRESS.

LEIGH DeLACY

AND HER

Superior Company.

EVENINGS:

Mon.—Clothes.
Tues. The Woman in 16th Case.
Wed. The Prisoner of Zenda.
Thurs. The Reformer.
Fri. The Kreutzer Sonata.
Sat. The Daughters of Men.

MATINEES:

Tues. The Daughters of Men.
Wed. The Kreutzer Sonata.
Thurs. Clothes.
Fri. The Woman in the Case.
Sat. The Prisoner of Zenda.

PRICES—Evenings 50c., 30c., 20c., 10c. Matinees 30c., 20c., 10c.

On Sale Today.

Orders must be called for before 7.

BIJOU THEATRE.

For Thursday, Friday and Saturday: McVEIGH & WALSH, SINGING and FANCY DANCING, and SINO FONG LEE, The WORLD'S ONLY and GREATEST CHINESE VIOLIN VIRTUOSO. Also Five of the Latest and Best Moving Pictures, with "Twelfth Night" as the Feature Picture. Admission 10c.

Star Theatre.

EXCLUSIVE PROGRAM.

—OF—

MOVING PICTURES

—AND—

ILLUSTRATED SONGS.

Admission 10c. All Seats Free.

READING

BY PROF. CROSBY,

"The Great Divide."

THAMES ST. M. E. CHAPEL,

Tuesday, March 8, 8 P. M.

Tickets 50c., on sale at Barney's Music Store.

Boston Store

WASH FABRICS.

GALATEAS.

Just received a shipment of the season's new patterns, over 50 styles to choose from, at 15c

GINGHAMS.

A second delivery, in a good assortment of desirable styles at 8c

PERCALES.

Newest spring 1910 designs, very attractive, at 12 1-2c

POINTELLE PLISSE.

A very large selection of nice designs, in a varied assortment of lovely colors, a soft and dainty wash fabric, 15c a yard value at 10c

DIRECTOIRE SILK

All the new and popular shades, at 39c

See our window display of Barnaby Zephyrs at 15c

The King-McLeod Co.

Millinery Department

BOSTON STORE.

Mr. & Mrs. N. T. Hodson.

Wire Lamp Shade Frames

In all sizes and shapes.

Candle Shade Frames

In all shapes.

A. C. LANDERS & SON,

167 THAMES STREET.

GOBEL'S GERMAN

Frankfurts,
Bockwurst,
Liverwurst,
Knockwurst,
Mettwurst,
Cervelat,
Bologna,
Blood Pudding,
Head Cheese.

Landers & Peckham,

142 Thames Street.

Tel 914.

Most Clocks

Need attention after the dry house heat of the winter. Neglect means increased cost of repairs.

Take advantage of the Best Equipped Repair Shop in the city and have your clocks put in order.

Our Service will be promp and faithful.

BLAINE,

246 Thames Street.

Winter Entertainment.

If you own an EDISON PHONOGRAPH you know that it offers more and more varied entertainment suitable for more forms of evening gatherings and to a greater variety of tastes than any other musical or other instrument that man has ever invented. The PHONOGRAPH furnishes better music for dancing than the majority of orchestras because none but the most skilled musicians create its Records, and their tempo consequently is exact.

Edison Records Only.

—AT—

GRIFFITH'S,

168 THAMES STREET.

At the Boston Show

See the Hudson Cut-Open Chassis.

Space where you see the largest crowd.

We carry everything optical including the best eyeglass—

The SHUR-ON

L. N. VAUGHAN

OPEN AIR MEETING FORBIDDEN.

Plans of Socialists to be Interrupted by Berlin Police.

BERLIN, March 5.—President Jagow of the Berlin police has forbidden the Socialists to hold an open air meeting that had been planned for tomorrow. The managing committee of the Socialist party today publicly invited all who believe in an equal, secret, direct and universal ballot to take a walk on Sunday toward Treptow Park, a suburban assembly place, as a protest against the existing three class property voting system and the proposed amendment to the franchise law. President Jagow announced that persons taking such walks or attempting so to do would be prevented by the police. All the Socialist, Liberal and Radical journals, as well as some of the moderate conservative newspapers disapprove of the Prussian government's decision to prevent the peaceful expression by a public assembly of a desire to have greater ballot privileges.

This evening a police notice was posted threatening to close Treptow Park, in order to prevent the "demonstrative stroll." The notice concludes: "The time has about come when an energetic 'Thus far and no farther' must be uttered against Socialist agitation by public opinion as well as by the police."

OPEN AIR MEETING PLANNED.

Socialists to Protest Against the Prussian Franchise Law.

ESSEN, Rhenish Prussia, March 5.—The president of the local police has issued a permit for an open air meeting tomorrow of Socialists, who will protest against the Prussian franchise law, upon the promise of the leaders that the meeting would be orderly.

FAVOR EQUAL SUFFRAGE.

Radicals and Liberals to Join Socialists in Open Air Meeting.

CASSEL, Prussia, March 5.—The Radical and Liberal parties have joined the Socialists in planning for a great open air meeting in favor of equal suffrage tomorrow.

MAY BREAK UP GANG.

Arrest of Italians Will Lead to Discovery of Caruso's Threateners.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The arraignment of two scowling Italians, Antonio Cincotti and Antonio Maslani, in the police court today, may develop clues that will lead to the breaking up of the "Black Hand Gang," which emboldened by its successes among the Italian store keepers on the east side, has now invaded the operatic precincts and threatened Caruso, the tenor. The two Italians were arrested as they were about to pick up a decoy package, believing it to be the $15,000, which they had demanded of Caruso. A third Italian escaped. While Maslani was attempting to escape he threw away a sawed off double barrelled shot gun and a revolver.

Caruso had received two letters demanding that money be placed at a certain spot in Brooklyn. Four times the trio of Italians stopped at the appointed place and looked at the decoy package before an attempt was made to pick it up. They ran when an officer was espied. Fear has chilled the voice of Caruso and he will not talk of the affair, but remains in his room guarded by detectives.

FEW HIGH SCORES.

In City Bowling League, Rose's Team Wins from Sullivan's, O'Neill Leading on Marks.

In the City Bowling League last evening Rose's team won two out of three strings from Sullivan's team. There were few high scores, O'Neill leading with a single of 102 and a total of 291. Sheehan was the only other player to reach the 100 mark. The individual and team scores were as follows:

Rose's Team.

Sheehan,	100	96	88	284
Horricks,	82	80	99	261
Rose,	89	92	86	267
Martin,	93	88	96	277
Milne,	96	89	85	269
	459	445	454	1358

Sullivan's Team.

Sullivan,	80	90	97	267
McManus,	86	96	83	265
Kirby,	78	89	79	246
O'Neil,	91	98	102	291
Hickok,	89	86	91	266
	423	459	452	1335

WEATHER AT BLOCK ISLAND.

Month of February Was Cold and Severe With Nine Thunderstorms and Six Foggy Days.

The striking statement that nine thunderstorms visited Block Island in the month of February this year is the feature of the weather report for that month, just issued by George W. Eddy, the official in charge of the Block Island weather office. Probably never before in the history of that bureau did the month of February, almost a mid-winter month furnish so many electrical storms. Seldom it is that lightning and thunder are seen and heard a single time in the "month of great men's birthdays" in this locality.

February also furnished another phenomenon in the fact that on six days thick curtains of fog obscured the sun and made life gloomy.

As a whole, the month of St. Valentine was also one of the coldest and most severe in 30 years. The temperature ranged from one degree below zero on the seventh to 52 above on the eighteenth, but the average temperature was about two degrees below the freezing point, the mean for the month being 30.9. On 21 out of the 28 days the quicksilver fell considerably below the freezing point at some period of the day.

It rained 10 days and snowed one, the weather mans record showing that the snowfall for the entire month was but one inch, although the precipitation was 4.22. The maximum rainfall was on the eleventh and twelfth, when 1.38 inches fell, all but .02 of the downpour coming on the latter day.

It was cloudy or partly cloudy 20 out of the 28 days. Only eight days did old Sol smile upon humanity all day. One the eighteenth February rivalled March for wind, the maximum velocity on that day being 67 miles an hour, a southerly gale. The prevailing direction of the wind during the month was northwest, with an average hourly velocity of 21.5 miles and a total movement of 14,59 miles.

The atmospheric pressure was highest on the twenty-sixth, when it was recorded at 30.76, and the lowest recorded during the month was 29.18 on the fourth. The mean pressure was 30.08.

GOING FOR BALLINGER.

Pinchot and His Witnesses Keep Up Their Fire in the Case.

The "Near Insurgents"—Short Weights and High Prices—Root Fights for the Income Tax.

[Washington correspondence of the News.]

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The Ballinger-Pinchot investigation is warming up as the days go by. The testimony of Horace Tillard Jones, special agent of the land office, backed up that of Louis R. Glavis, especially confirming the evidence that James R. Garfield has been kept out of the Taft cabinet because of his (Garfield's) opposition to the Cunningham-Guggenheim-Morgan coal claimants. To cap all came the statement and evidence of Gifford Pinchot, friend of Theodore Roosevelt and to a large extent the creator of the forestry and conservation movements in America. The burden of Pinchot's testimony is that Ballinger is disloyal to conservation, disloyal to Taft and an unsafe and unfit official. He asserts that the Secretary of the Interior re-opened vast tracts of the public domain containing water power sites and other valuable resources with no intention of withdrawing them again and that they were not withdrawn until he (Pinchot) appealed to President Taft. These tracts belonged to the land originally withdrawn by Mr. Roosevelt. Aside from the merits of the controversy, one good thing is coming out of the investigation. The public is being educated as to the immense value of the Alaska coal deposits. Possibly the complacent good natured people of this country may yet get enough spirit and spunk to protect against the thieves taking all the public treasures.

The speech of Representative Claude Kitchin of North Carolina about the "near insurgents" pleased Uncle Joe Cannon mightily, even if it was from a Democrat. The "near insurgents," according to Mr. Kitchin, are those that insurge for home consumption, but in Washington vote for the machine. They are for Cannon in Washington, but when they return to their districts throw over Uncle Joe in order to save themselves. This feeling, I find, is quite common among the Democrats and may account for the break between the insurgents and the minority party earlier in the session. It bears out a remark made by a western Democratic representative last December to the effect that the majority members intended to make a scapegoat of Uncle Joe, saddle all their sins on him and drive him out to appease public wrath.

Secretary Nagel believes that short weights have much to do with the increased cost of living. The prevalence of this form of dishonesty is astounding. The corset spring scales with which the sugar trust defrauded the government have their duplicates throughout the land. The ultimate consumer gets his not only in overcharges, but in deficient quantity of goods purchased. Yet, granting all this, it is hard to see how short weights and measures account for higher prices. Their natural effect would be to increase the number of pints, pecks or pounds bought, but not the amount paid for each.

Despite the refusal of the New York legislature to invite Senator Root before it to give an address on the income tax, Mr. Root has been heard from on the subject, and his opinion will have weight not only in New York, but throughout the nation. As a matter of fact, the governor of a state has no more to say about the adoption of an amendment to the federal constitution than any other citizen. Only the Congress of the United States and the legislatures of the several states pass on the question. Therefore Senator Root has just as good a right to address the New York legislature on the matter as had Governor Hughes and even a better excuse, as he is one of the jury that passes on the question and Governor Hughes is not. The governor of a state has no power to veto a federal constitutional amendment.

The House is still determined to examine Peary's claims to be the discoverer of the North Pole. The latest proposition is to have Peary submit his proofs to a committee of experts composed of Admirals Melville and Schley and General A. W. Greely. Another proposal is that Peary be required to send his proofs to the University of Copenhagen. Here is a scheme better than either. Why not appoint a Cook-Peary investigating committee similar to the Ballinger-Pinchot committee? This body could be empowered to send for persons and papers and could therefore bring on Cook's two Eskimos, the papers and instruments left at Etah by Harry Whitney and could even demand the presence of Dr. Cook himself. More important than all, it could compel the production of the little brass tubes left at the North Pole and on top of Mount McKinley or could cause the attendance of some of the "purple snows" seen at both places.

J. A. Edgerton.

THE BUNKER HILL IN TROUBLE.

Steamer Bunker Hill is in trouble again. She found the bottom in Boston harbor recently, and as a result of the extreme hardness has a hole in her bottom and is out of the running, pending the repairs which are called for. Steamer Boston has been sent from the New Bedford line to Boston to take her place, steamer Mohawk left the Fall River freight line yesterday to replace the Boston, and steamer City of Brockton left here to take the Mohawk's place on the Fall River line.

THIS WILL INTEREST MOTHERS.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for [illegible], a Certain relief for Feverishness, [illegible], Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy Worms. They break up Colds in 24 hours. They are so [illegible] taste and harmless as milk. [illegible] Over 10,000 testimonials of cures. [illegible] Sold by all druggists, 25c. [illegible] Don't accept any substitute.

TO KILL THE DANDRUFF GERM.

Is the Only Possible Way of Having An Effective Cure.

If you see a woman or a man with luxuriant glossy hair, you may be sure neither has dandruff to amount to anything. In nearly every case where women and men have thin brittle hair, they owe it to dandruff. There are hundreds of preparations that "claim" to cure dandruff, but not one but Newbro's Herpicide tells you that dandruff is the result of a germ burrowing into the scalp, and that permanent cure of dandruff and its consequent falling and baldness, can only be had by killing the germ; and there is no other preparation that will destroy that germ but Newbro's Herpicide. "Destroy the cause, and you remove the effect." Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

One Dollar Bottles Guaranteed.
JOHN M. CALLAHAN, Special Agent.

ON SOUTHERN DRILL GROUNDS.

Annual Record Practice of Battleship Fleet Will be Conducted Under New Regulations.

Because of new navy rules governing large target practices, and because of difficulty in conveying targets to Guantanamo, the battleship fleet will have its annual record practice on the Southern drill grounds instead of in Cuban waters, as originally intended. The change in plan will bring the fleet to Hampton Roads, March 30. The ships will coal and begin record practice about April 5.

The speed trials and tactical exercises begun by the fleet under the direction of Rear Admiral Seaton Schroeder, commander-in-chief, will continue until toward the end of the month, when the fleet's stay in Cuban waters will be brought to an end with athletics and other contests, as planned and approved.

The record practice this year will be conducted under new regulations recently drawn up. The battleships after record practice will go to their respective navy yards.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. T. T. Bowler, who has been ill, is able to be out.

—Admiral Raymond P. Rodgers has gone to Washington.

—Mr. John W. Covell has returned from a trip to the West Indies.

—Mr. Dudley S. Morgan is here from Harvard College for a few days.

—The police report this morning was blank—not a prisoner to be arraigned.

—Miss Annie F. Paul of Philadelphia has arrived at her cottage on Washington street.

—The sum of $145 has been deposited to the credit of the Teachers' Retirement Fund this week.

—Many Newporters, men and women, employed in New York, saw the Newport Naval Reserves go to defeat at Paterson, N. J., last night.

—A cargo of brick has arrived at Dugan's wharf and a car of trap rock at the freight yard for the James place, which is still calling for material from all sorts of places.

—President Taft has sent to the Senate the nomination of Second Lieutenant Edgar H. Thompson, Coast Artillery corps, to be first lieutenant, from February 28, vice Burt, promoted.

—The Senate has confirmed the nominations of Paymaster John R. Sanford, now at the Naval Training Station, and Franklin P. Sackett, recently at the Station, to be paymasters with the rank of lieutenant commander.

—Postmaster A. C. Landers will attend the annual meeting of the Postmasters' Association of New England beginning in Boston April 5. The postmasters have been given five days' leave of a business order to attend the convention.

—The Naval Academy squadron, which will take the cadets on their summer cruise next summer, will consist of battleships Iowa, Indiana and Massachusetts. Commander George R. Clark will command the squadron, Commander H. G. Bullard will have command of the Iowa, Commander E. H. Durell of the Indiana and Commander C. B. Brittain of the Massachusetts.

$3.50 Recipes Cures Weak Kidneys, Free

Relieves Urinary and Kidney Troubles, Backache, Straining, Swelling, Etc.

Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say goodbye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a **quick recovery**, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you $3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K 1520 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

The DeBeville Restaurant,

29 Touro St.

☞ The Best Food Served.

Special rates for table board. Meal tickets at reasonable rates.

Phone 1738.

McGOWAN'S RESTAURANT
And Oyster Chop House.
BUSINESS MEN'S LUNCH 11:30 TO 3.
Shell Fish and Salads a specialty.
Planked Steaks and Chicken.
Open After Theatre.
Table Board at Reasonable Rates.
W. B. TAYLOR, Prop'r.

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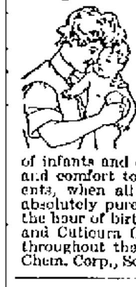
MOTHERS
Of Skin-Tortured and Disfigured Babies Should Know



That warm baths with Cuticura Soap and gentle anointings with Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of torturing, disfiguring milk-crusts, scalled head, eczemas, rashes, itchings, irritations, inflammations, chafings of infants and children, and afford rest and comfort to worried, worn-out parents, when all else fails. Guaranteed absolutely pure, and may be used from the hour of birth. Cuticura Soap (25c.) and Cuticura Ointment (50c.) are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

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Each Capsule bears the name MIDY
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Cretonne Lamp Shades,
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Photograph Frames,
Remnants of Damasks and Silks.

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The Original and Genuine
HORLICK'S
MALTED MILK
The Food Drink for All Ages.
For Infants, Invalids, and Growing children.
Pure Nutrition, upbuilding the whole body.
Invigorates the nursing mother and the aged.
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form.
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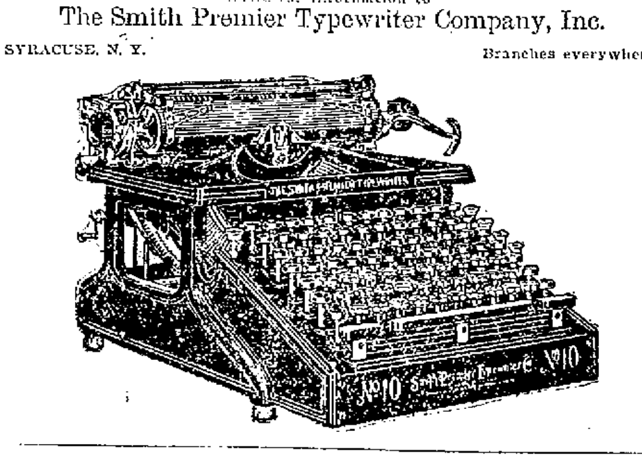

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Largest and Fastest Steamers.
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Sailing every Saturday from New York, 10 A. M. Gymnasium, Orchestra, Electric Fans.
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Sailing every Wednesday from New York, 10 A. M. Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels.
Forty hours from frost to flowers.
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New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York. THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y. or J. I. Greene, 272 Thames St., or any Ticket Agent, or Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., Quebec.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK.

50 pieces of a new washable suiting in all the latest color effects. This suiting is known as

Grecian Rep

And is similar in texture to a poplin. All of the styles shown are very desirable for spring and summer wear and include light and dark grounds with stripes, polka dots, etc., in navy blue, brown, tan, pink, green, lavender, light blue, black and white, etc.

This fabric is made to retail at 19c per yard and should find a ready sale at that price.

This week we offer the entire line at

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This offer is made to call your special attention to our very complete line of wash goods for spring, including many novelties, never before shown in Newport.

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Steamer leaves for
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WEEK DAYS AT 8:30 A. M. RETURN LEAVE PROVIDENCE AT 4 P. M.
H. E. WINDSOR Supt.

SHORT LINE
—TO—
PROVIDENCE
VIA
Newport & Providence Railway.

Cars leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence—7:00 A. M., to Bristol Ferry only—7:50, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 A. M., 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50 P. M., 6:50, 7:50 P. M. to Union street. 8:50 P. M. to Bristol Ferry, 10:30, 11:15 to Union street.

Cars leave Union Station, Providence, for Newport via Bristol Branch, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. 7:11, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 A. M., 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15.

9:40 from Bristol Ferry to Newport. Theatre Trip leave Union Street for One Mile Corner, 7:55; arrive at Theatre 8:05 P. M.

SUNDAY TIME TABLE.

Leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 A. M., 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, 6:50, 7:50 P. M., 8:50 P. M. to Bristol Ferry; 10:30, 11:15 to Union street.

Leave Union Station Providence for Newport—9:15, 10:15, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15 P. M. 9:40 from Bristol Ferry to Newport.

Training Station cars leave Washington Square—7:00 A. M. then half hourly until 10:30 P. M.

G. M. TOWLE Supt.

Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co.
From Foot of Market Square.

On and after October 4, Steamer Conanicut Will run the following schedule:

Leave Jamestown—6:05, 7:05, 8:15, 9:15, 10:20, 11:20 A. M.; 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:20, 5:20 P. M.

Leave Newport—6:35, 7:30, 8:10, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 12:05 M., 1:50, 2:46, 3:46, 4:45, 5:46 P. M.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Jamestown.	Leave Newport.
8:45 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
11:45	12:15
2:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
4:20	5:00

NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

FOR NEW YORK---
ALL WATER ROUTE.

FALL RIVER LINE, Leave Long Wharf, Newport, every day at 9:15 P. M. Steamers PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.

WICKFORD LINE---
WATER and RAIL ROUTE

For New York and Points on the New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R. via Wickford Junction.

Steamer GENERAL
from Commercial Wharf.

Week days only	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Newport (Str.) lv.	9:50	1:05	4:00	7:15
Wickford Jun. ar.	11:15	2:20	5:15	8:30
Wickford Jun. lv.	11:40	2:38	7:01	
New London Ar.	12:45	3:45	8:03	
New Haven Ar.	1:58	4:58	9:10	
Bridgeport Ar.	2:27	5:27	9:35	
New York Ar.	4:00	7:00	11:00	
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	

For Tickets, staterooms, and parlor car seats, apply at City ticket office, 272 Thames St. at Wharf Office and Purser's office on steamers.

C. C. Gardner, Agent, Newport, R. I.
F. C. Coley, A. G. P. A., New York.

OLD COLONY ST. RAILWAY CO.
Newport & Fall River Time Table.

Leave City Hall, Newport, for Fall River via Middletown, Portsmouth and Tiverton, 6:10 A. M., then ten and fifty minutes past the even hour and half past the odd hour, until 10:10 P. M., then 11:15 P. M.

Sundays, 6:50 A. M. Then same as week days.

Return, Leave City Hall, Fall River for Newport via Tiverton Portsmouth and Middletown, 5:10 A. M. then ten and fifty minutes past the odd hour and half past the even hour until 10:10 P. M., then 11:15 P. M.

Sundays, 6:30 A. M. Then same as week days.

Leave City Hall, Fall River, (for Stone Bridge only) 4:10 P. M. and 6:10 P. M.

Return, Leave Stone Bridge for Fall River 5:25 P. M. and 6:45 P. M. Do not run Sundays.

NEWPORT CITY CARS.

Leave One Mile Corner for Morton Park, 6:00 A. M., and every fifteen minutes until and including 11:00 P. M. Sundays 6:30 A. M. then same as week days.

Return, Leave Morton Park 5:37 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:22 P. M. Sundays, 6:53 A. M. then same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street for Beach 6:45 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 6:00 P. M. Sundays, 7:30 A. M., then same as week days.

Return, Leave Beach 7:00 A. M. then every fifteen minutes until 11:00 P. M. Sundays, 7:45 A. M., then same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street Waiting Room for Beach 6:15 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 10:45 P. M. Sundays same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street for Mile Corner 6:30 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:30 P. M. Sundays, 7:00 A. M., then same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street for Morton Park 6:15 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:15 P. M. Sundays 6:15 A. M., then same as week days.

G. F. SEIBEL, Supt.
C. L. BISBEE Div. Supt.

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NEWPORT, R. I.

BLUE CRUSHED STONE
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Tel. 1559. P. O. Address Newport, R. I.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation as second girl in private family. Can furnish satisfactory reference. Address Box 2 Daily News Office.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Good cook, where upstairs girl is kept. No washing. Apply Mrs. Louis Hess, upper Everett street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework Address Box 26, Daily News Office.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY for salesman. No capital needed. Small bond required. Want $250 per month man. Expenses advanced. Permanent. No samples to carry. Address promptly. A M S[illegible], 522, Dayton, O.

WANTED—An experienced woman to do cooking and laundry work in small family. Address Box 60, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A girl to help with bookkeeping and work in store. Address Box 31, Daily News Office.

MEN WANTED—To prepare for Railway Mail, Customs and Postoffice Examinations, $600 to $1,500. Preparation free. Write for schedule showing places. Franklin Institute. Dept. 347 M Rochester, N. Y.

GENERAL WANTS.

AQUIDNECK HALL, AUCTION ROOM,
Mill St., W. P. Adams, Auctioneer.
KNOWN AS BURLINGHAM'S.

Goods received any day except Thursday, which is Sales day. Goods sold at residences and stores or at the hall.

Cash paid for Household Goods of all kinds.

Telephone 927 Hall. 1218 residence.

Civil War Envelopes.

Large collection, over 400, well preserved in Scrap Book, containing many very rare and noted ones.

May be seen by appointment. If interested write to Box A, Daily News Office, Newport, R. I.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Pair spectacles, on Thames street near Covell's. Please return to Perry Brothers, Thames street.

LOST—Gent's gold filled hunting case watch on Harrison Avenue or [illegible] road. Liberal reward for same. Apply to Box 41, Daily News Office.

LOST—A side comb, in the vicinity of Government Landing, with three rows of white stones. Return to Box 3, Daily News Office.

LOST—Wednesday, a Masonic charm with five diamonds. $50 reward if returned to W. H. Bone Sandy Point Farm.

FOR RENT, ROOMS AND BOARD.

Langley Apartments.

Rooms for men with all the comforts. Come and look them over. Corner Thames and Mary Streets. W. S. Langley, Proprietor.

FURNISHED ROOMS

First class, with all modern improvements. Meals served when desired. Prospect House. William Hanson, Prop. 22 Prospect Hill street. Rooms steam heated.

WANTED—Young lady wishes room and board Address Box 43, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Two rooms, with board, for couple. Private family preferred; centrally located. Address Box 33, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Two or three rooms for light housekeeping, with private family; centrally located; terms reasonable. Address Box 34, Daily News Office.

FOR RENT A nice pleasant 6-room cottage, gas and closet. Inquire at 1 Crandall court. Domenico DeLuca.

TO LET—Large house and barn, with land, Peckham Homestead, Almy Court, Bliss Road $350. Any agent or W. G. Peckham, 450 Broadway, Newport, R. I.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Invalid's Chair with rubber tire wheels. The I. X. L. Company. New and second-hand goods. Office and house furnishings of every description. Highest cash price paid for second-hand goods. Tel. 1605. Buckley's Block, 124 Broadway.

SHINGLES, Extra, $1.35 per thousand.
SHINGLES, Clear, $3.70 per thousand.
SPRUCE LATHS, $4.00 per thousand.
ALSO
5 and 6-inch CHESTNUT POSTS in 6 to 8 foot lengths.
ROBERT W. CURRY, 31-41 Chapel St.

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A Few Large
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The BARKER BUILDING & REALTY COMPANY.

SECOND-HAND BICYCLES FOR SALE CHEAP.
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EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
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18 John Street, near Spring.
First-class help supplied at short notice. Tel. 945.

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Tel. 2248-1. Hair Work.
MISS A. CARROLAN,
Shampooing, Facial Massage.
Scalp Treatment.
Turban Frames covered from Combings
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DR. E. C. HOLLOWAY,
Foot Specialist and Electrolysian.
Ingrowing Nails, Hair Moles and Warts removed. Treatment painless.
Massage. Open evenings.
Tel. 641. Office 79 Spring St.

FOR HOUSECLEANING TIME.

I wish to inform you that I carry at all times and would like to serve you, Lime, Muresco, Kalsomine, Paint (all colors), Varnish, Hard Oil, Enamel, Wax, Floor Polish, Jap-a-lac (all colors), Turpentine, White Wash and Paint Brushes from 10c to $2.50 each, Step Ladders (all sizes), Sponges, Mops, Stove Brushes, Brooms, Floor and Scrub Brushes, Wire and Rattan Rug Beaters, Furniture Polish that cannot be beat. I also have in stock some Pure Ground Bone for your lawns and flower gardens, there is nothing better, at [illegible] a pound. I also have some [illegible] Lawn Grass, and all kind of Flower and Vegetable Seeds, all new and fresh.

R. L. DERLOIS, 80 Broadway.
Telephone 958.

The Newport Journal
AND WEEKLY NEWS.
Is especially adapted for mailing.

WILL BENEFIT NEWPORT.

Assembly Representation Solid for Grand Trunk Charter.

Several Points of Contention in Company's Demand, but These Will Be Modified.

While but one Newport firm has shown the spirit of the times and come out and asked for what it wishes, there is said to be a strong sleeping interest in Newport in the outcome of the effort of the Grand Trunk to secure admission to Rhode Island. One firm has gone to the trouble of filing its humble petition for the granting of the charter with the legislative committee having the matter in hand.

According to the talk of the street, club and shop in Providence, every business house in the state is to be benefited by having an opposition road connect the broad country with the state, and so persons who are following the present campaign figure that the Newport merchants are to derive a benefit, even if they are inactive in securing it. The business interests of the upper part of the state figure that by the coming of an opposition road the freight facilities will be bettered and lowered as well, and that if this is done there will be an opportunity of making better prices on the necessities of life which are brought from the West. The whole upper part of the state appears to be standing up and demanding that the road shall be granted the charter which it asks, that Rhode Island may not be wholly at the mercy of one transportation company.

With so much outward interest in the Grand Trunk manifested in the upper part of the state, the News today has taken occasion to learn what attitude its delegation to the legislature has toward the charter. The News representative in his journeyings gathered from the remarks made by various representatives that Newport's delegation stands solid for a charter for the Grand Trunk. In belief that a second transportation company is desirable for the good of the state in general. What is more, he was given to understand that the road will be given a charter. There was a hesitancy against being personally quoted as saying this thing or that, because, as Senator John H. Sanborn put it, "the case is yet to be heard, and I am to sit on the jury." Mr. Sanborn is the acknowledged leader in the senate. Again, Mr. Horace Hassard is chairman of the house committee on corporations, so Newport figures prominently in the eyes of those up the river. Up there there seems to be a feeling that it will be political suicide for a legislator to go against the charter, and apparently Newport's representatives feel the same way, though they are not being urged by their constituents.

Questioned as to what was meant by the statement that a charter would be granted the road, one of the prominent members of Newport's representation stated that it would be a charter which would be worthy of acceptance by the road—one under which it can operate in fairness. Another of the members said of course the company had asked for everything, but naturally would be satisfied if it received less. Some things asked, it is contended, are not in the best interests of the citizens of the state for the company to have, and so, instead of the charter which has been asked for, a substitute charter will be the result.

There is a general denial that in drawing this substitute it will be so constituted that it will debar the company from accepting it. One of the features asked, which, it is stated, will not be granted, is the right to maintain grade grossings. The elimination of grade crossings has been going on for years, and it is said that the legislature will not grant any road the right to establish more dangers of this sort. Then it is stated that it will be made encumbant on the road to adopt modern construction and debar it from any makeshift to enter its tracks. A time limit as to completion of the road and the beginning of operation will also probably be demanded.

Where the hitch comes with the New York, New Haven & Hartford road is the provision in the present draft which gives the company the right to use the rails of other companies. This the legislators foresee to mean that the Grand Trunk would run its passenger trains into and out of the Union station, Providence. Taken from the public's standpoint, such operation would be most desirable, as it always is to centralize transportation terminals; but, as one of Newport's representatives states, there already is a congested condition at that station, for a train is coming or going about every ten minutes now. This, it is intimated, may prove the greatest stumbling block in the whole question, and will undoubtedly be the point where the Consolidated will exert all the power it can bring to bear to defeat any such provision.

Another feature which is objected to by legislators is that there is no limit to capitalization, or, rather, that in the future the road will not have to go to the legislature to increase its stock. Then, again, another point of contention promises to be in the fact that the company seeks permission in the charter to extend its lines as it may see fit at any time, without again applying to the legislature. Members of Newport's delegation state that with the modification of all these points there will then be a charter which will be worth having, and which the company will probably accept.

Chairman Hassard of the committee which is to hold the hearing next Friday afternoon is of the opinion that the hearing will be the largest which has yet been held at the new State House, and says already the question has been raised about the accommodating of the great mass of business men of the state who are expected to be there. The best will be done which can be, and rather than to foreshorten the hearing two days will be given—a day to each side of the argument—if the necessity seems to demand.

MR. HAROLD SANDS ENGAGED.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Katharine Hynson McFadden, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Franklin McFadden of Philadelphia, to Mr. Harold A. Sands, son of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Sands. Miss McFadden is prominent in Philadelphia. Her parents have a place at Radnor. Mr. Sands has been identified with Newport for the greater part of his life, having been prominent in athletics and social activities. He is a brother of Miss Anita Sands, who married Mr. Harold A. Minott here three years ago. His parents occupied "Tower Top" several summers, and more recently the Curting cottage, "Wee Bush," on Bellevue avenue. Mr. Sands is a great grand-son of the late Peter Lorillard, grandson of the late Jacob Lorillard and a grand-nephew of Mr. Louis L. Lorillard and Mrs. James P. Kernochan. He is a nephew of Mr. Charles E. Sands, Miss Anna Sands and Mrs. T. A. Havemeyer, Jr. No date has been set for the wedding.

SIGNS OF EARLY SPRING.

Ground Hog Little Off in His Prognostications Last Month.

BOSTON, March 5—That the ground hog was a little bit off in his prognostications, when he retired into his hole the second day of last month and again stuck his nose down between his claws, is now the belief of those New England prophets who predicted an early spring. Throughout the different sections of New England the mild weather has broken the monotony of the severe cold and stormy days of the winter season, and at the same time has swept from the hillsides heavy snows, causing numerous, but not disastrous freshets.

Reports are being received daily that pussy willows, one of the first signs of spring, have blossomed and that the birds and robins have returned to New England from the south. Although New Englanders as a whole are pleased with this condition in weather agricultural men are dissatisfied for they claim that the warmth has caused peach and apple buds to form, and that a sudden change to cold weather will blight this year's crop.

RE-DISTRICTING THT CITY.

Work May Involve Changes in Wards, in Council Representation and in the Charter.

The Representative Council, at its meeting next week, will probably be called on to appoint a committee to look into the matter of possible or probable changes in the make-up of the Council in connection with the re-districting of the city which is to follow the announcement of the figures of the coming United States census. If the city is to be divided into six districts for Assembly purposes, it seems probable that it will be desirable to divide it, also, into six wards. To do this permission must, of course, be obtained from the legislature. The city may be re-arranged in wards, but it cannot be changed from five wards to six without applying to the legislature. Then, if a different number of wards is made, there must be a difference in the representation.

If there are to be six wards the number from each ward must be changed to bring the total of the Council within the 200 limit, which has been thought necessary. If the total were made 198, it would allow of 11 councilmen being elected from each ward each year. If the number were made 180, it would allow of 10 being elected from each ward each year. One would be a slight increase on the present number; the other would be a considerable reduction.

There will be a special session of the legislature in connection with the re-districting after that is completed, and at this session whatever changes are deemed necessary in the wording of the city charter might also be made. All this, however, will take time, and if a committee is appointed or arranged for at the coming meeting of the Council it will have time to look the field over carefully, and see what seems to suit the majority of people.

LONDON AND ITS ELECTIONS.

London has been suffering since November last from a plethora of elections. They started quite early in that month with the contests for the borough councils. There are 28 of them, and as they have on an average 50 members each there were about 1,400 seats to be filled, and there were nearly 5,000 candidates worrying the elections for theier votes.

As soon as that little contest was over there came the elections for the court of common council. The number there were smaller, but among city men a seat on the common council is regarded as something very much more important than a seat at Westminster. When that was finished the general election cropped up, and it is quite unnecessary for anybody to say a word about that now, everybody is heartily sick of it.

The town is now plunged into a fight which to the metropolis is almost as bad as a general election, because the electors are called upon to elect the London county council. Today they were relieved from that duty, and within a week or two will come another lot of candidates asking for votes for the various metropolitan boards of guardians who administer the poor laws.

There may be people who can take all these contests calmly and without any show of irritation, but when the average man has a caller at his house nearly every day for four months soliciting his suffrage his patience is apt to give out.

PROBABLE VALUE OF THE PANAMA CANAL.

[Admiral Evans in Hampton's Magazine.]

First, that the amount of international trade for the canal will be disappointingly small, and entirely unremunerative.

Second, that the canal must compete with Suez, which can give differential rates, and can even make free, if the British Government chooses, any given trade, thus affording most effective protection to British shipping.

Third, that the Panama Canal will give a disappointingly small impetus to our foreign trade.

Fourth, that its chief benefit to us as a nation will be in lowering freights and equalizing transportation conditions between different sections of the country.

Fifth, that the methods and the success of the railroads in the past in suppressing water competition justify the fear that the same procedure will be invoked to prevent the canal doing its true work. Steamships using the canal may be controlled by the railroads, and rates kept so high as to protect the rail routes in their high charges.

Sixth, that this sort of unrestrained and vicious competition can be prevented by rigorous regulative measures.

Seventh, that in order to assure real competition between the canal and the rail routes, the canal should be toll-free.

Eighth, that if it is made toll-free, and if the necessary regulations are enforced to assure absolutely free and honest competition, there will have to be built, to handle this canal business, a great number of fast cargo-carrying steamships.

Ninth, these steamships would sail under the American flag, and would be a most valuable auxiliary to our navy in time of war.

STEAMERS REPORTED.

SABLE ISLAND, Nova Scotia, March 5.—Caledonia, Glasgow for New York, was 733 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5:40 a. m.; will dock about 8:30 a. m. Monday.

SIASCONSET, Mass., March 5.—La Lorraine, Havre for New York, was 313 miles east of Sandy Hook at 10:20 a. m.; will dock about 8:30 a. m. Sunday.

NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK

38 Washington Square.

Capital - - - - - - $100,000.00

Surplus and Profits - - 91,623.11

Accounts solicited.

SAVINGS BANK OF NEWPORT.

INCORPORATED A. D. 1819.

April 16, 1910.

Deposits made on or before Saturday, April 16, 1910, draw interest from that date.

G. P. TAYLOR, Treas.

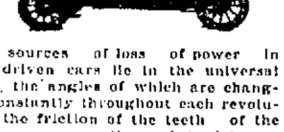
FORMAL DEMAND ISSUED.

Firemen and Engineers of Eastern Roads Ask for Increase in Wages.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The brotherhoods of locomotive firemen and enginemen of the 32 eastern railroads have submitted to the General Managers Association a formal demand for an increase in wages. This demand is similar to that presented to the same roads last December by the Order of Railway Conductors and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and which is now in the final stage of negotiations. General Manager J. C. Stuart of the Erie, refused to accept the demands as chairman of the General Managers Association, declaring that he would meet a committee of the Erie firemen but that the brotherhood would have to deal with each railroad separately and not through the General Managers Association, which he said had no agreement concerning wages. This reply is similar to that given the conductors and trainmen.

Grand Master W. S. Carter, of the Brotherhood of Firemen, will now make a separate and similar demand on all of the railroads. The demand involves about 50,000 firemen on the railroads east of the Mississippi and north of the Baltimore & Ohio system. The demands do not effect the enginemen belonging to the union who have been advanced from firemen. The wage demands are for an increase in pay from $2.60 a day to $3. Numerous changes in working conditions are also demanded.

The railroads will now confer with committees from their firemen as they did with the trainmen and conductors, in an effort to reach a satisfactory agreement.

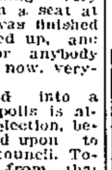


The sources of loss of power in shaft-driven cars lie in the universal joints, the angles of which are changing constantly throughout each revolution—the friction of the teeth of the driving gear upon those of the driven—the friction of the driving-shaft in its bearings—and the thrust upon the bearings due to the tendency of the gears to force themselves apart.

None of this or these in Cartercars. Therefore longer service at less cost.

P. T. BAILEY,
Melville Station, R. I.

Forced to Vacate.

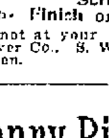


SALE
—OF—
High-Grade
SHOES

By J. L. CUMMINGS,
152 Thames Street.
OPEN EVENINGS.

My stock must be sold, or given away within the next 30 days. Now is your time to lay in a stock of shoes at less than wholesale prices. I am prepared to slaughter the shoe business during this sale. I got extra clerks for the next 30 days. My lines of good shoes needs no advertising. I will cut the price on the Douglas and Ralston shoes from $4, to one dollar a pair. You know what this means. Rather than return them to the factory I will give the people of Newport the benefit. You will never get such bargains again in shoes. This is not a bluff sale—I believe in straight-forward business.

OTTO COKE,
CHARCOAL, SAWDUST
and WOOD.
Agency. - - - - THE BIJOU
59 THAMES STREET.



WHY IT'S 6-5-4

It's applied like paint on Gas Stoves and Pipe. Shines itself. Won't wash off. Eats up Rust. Makes old Screen New. Produces Ebony Finish on Iron and Wood.

If not at your dealer's, see Geo. A. Weaver Co., S. W. Coggeshall, or J. F. Marden.

SIMON KOSCHNY,
Manufacturing
Confectioner.

232 Thames Street,

16 Broadway.

NOTICE.
Tree Moving.

If you should want any trees moved this is the proper time. Estimates given on all sizes of trees to be moved.

OSCAR SCHULTZ,
HOUSTON AVENUE GREENHOUSE,
Tel. 310 or 1115.

Henry Biesel & Son.

SADDLE, HARNESS
—AND—
TRUNK MAKERS.

Horse & Stable Supplies

Leather Goods.

Dog Collars.

256 Thames St.
TEL. 533.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF

INDUSTRIAL TRUST COMPANY

(CONDENSED)

As made under call of the Bank Commissioner January 31, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$16,779,030.83
Real Estate Mortgages		3,609,174.67
Bonds and Stocks		14,080,654.12
Real Estate		870,000.00
Call Loans	$6,911,128.09	
Due from Banks, Bankers and Treasurer of U. S.	4,987,538.49	
Cash in Vaults	1,686,156.32	13,584,822.90
		$48,923,682.52

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$3,000,000.00
Surplus	$3,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	413,476.35
Reserved for Additions and Improvements to Building	386,699.00
Reserved Interest	144,246.38
Deposits	41,999,260.79
	$48,923,682.52

Condensed Statement of the

AQUIDNECK NATIONAL BANK

As Made to the Comptroller of the Currency
JANUARY 31, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Investments	$1,209,907.93
Banking House and Safe Deposit Vaults	65,000.00
Due from Banks	83,826.25
Due from Treasurer of the U. S.	8,750.00
Cash	53,934.28
Total Resources	$1,421,408.46

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$200,000.00
Surplus and Profits (earned)	94,458.07
Circulation	166,700.00
Deposits	960,340.80
Total Liabilities	$1,421,408.46

PETER KING, President,
SAMUEL McADAM, Vice President,
THOMAS B. CONGDON, Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 5, Wall Street—The market opened with Amalgamated Copper at 81½, American Smelting & Refining 85⅞, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe 116¾, Chesapeake & Ohio 85, Erie 30¾, Great Northern preferred 138⅛, Interborough Metropolitan 21⅞ Interborough Metropolitan preferred 56, Missouri, Kansas & Texas 43¾ National Lead 83¾, New York Central 122½, Northern Pacific 136⅝, Pennsylvania 136¼, Reading 168⅝, Rock Island 43⅝, Southern Pacific 127¼, Southern Railway 29½, Union Pacific 187⅛, United States Steel 84¾, Wabash preferred 47¼, Anaconda 51⅛, and Utah Copper 51⅝.

10—A wavering and uncertain movement of prices accompanied the opening dealing in stocks which were small. St. Louis and San Francisco second preferred rose 1½ and American Locomotive ¾. Insignificant fractional changes were shown otherwise.

11—The trend of prices turned downward, Reading, Amalgamated Copper, American Smelting and Western Union falling a point below yesterday's closing and the rest of the leaders a large fraction. American Express moved up 13 points, and St. Louis & San Francisco second preferred 2¼.

The market closed firm. There was some rally in the second hour which resulted in establishing small gains where there had been losses. Erie and United Dry Goods rose 1, St. Louis and San Francisco first preferred 1¼, the second preferred 4½ and Federal Mining 3. American Cotton Oil, Pacific Telephone and Illinois Central fell 1, "United States Steel sold up to 85¾. Money on call, nominal, no loans. Time loans slightly firmer, 60 days, 3½ per cent and 90 days 3½ @ 3¾ six months 3¾ @ 4; prime mercantile paper 4½ to 5 per cent; sterling exchange, firm, at $4.84.85 @ $4.84.95 for 60-day bills and at $4.87.35 for demand; commercial bills, $4.84½ @ ¾; bar silver, 50⅝; Mexican dollars, 44; government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

[Furnished by Hornblower & Weeks—33 Bellevue Avenue.]

March 5, 1910.

	Closing.
Amalgamated Cop.	81⅞
mA. Car & Foundry	65½
Am. Locomotive	54⅛
Am. Smelt & Ref.	86½
Anaconda Mlng.	51⅜
Atch Top & San Fe	116⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	112¾
B'kln. Rap. Trans	75⅝
Canadian Pacific Ry.	180¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	85⅝
Chic. Mil St. Paul	145¾
Chic & Northwestern	157⅞
Consolidated Gas	147½
Can pfd	77½
Denver & Rio Grande	43
Erie	31⅜
General Electric	155
Great Northern pref	138
Gt Northern Ore	70
Interbor Met	21¾
dop ref	55¼
Mo an & Tex	43¾
Missouri Pacific	71
National Lead	83¾
N Y Cent & Hudson	122½
Norfolk & Western	101¼
Northern Pacific Ry	136¾
Pennsylvania R R	135⅝
Reading	168⅝
Republic Iron & Stl	40
Rock Island	42¾
Southern Pacific	127¾
So Ry	23⅜
Union Pacific	187
Utah Copper	52¾
U S Rubber	44⅞
U S Steel	85⅝
U S Steel Pref	121⅝
Va-Carolina Chem	56
Wabash	21½

BOSTON MARKKET.

Copper Range	77½
Cal & Hecla	630
Greene Copper	10¾
E Butte	10¼
Miami	24½
North Butte	39¼
Shoe Mach	69¼
U S Fruit	179
Utah Cons	32½
Swift	106½
Am Tel & Tel	141⅝
N. Y., N. H. & H.	160⅝
U S Smelters	49¼

FINANCIAL.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.
New York

BANKERS.

BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO.
London.

JOHN M. FRIEND.
MASON
—AND—
Dealer in
Masons' Supplies,

Alpha, Atlas, Lehigh and Vulcanite Portland Cements for sale by the bag, barrel or carload.

Also Drain and Sewer Pipe, and Tile and Fittings.

Office 108 Third Street.
Telephone 311.

" AWNINGS "

If Made Right,
Will Set Right,
And Are All Right,
We Make Them Right.
Let us give you an estimate.

McLelland & Heald,
Commercial Wharf, Newport, R. I.
Tel. 837.

The Newport Journal
AND WEEKLY NEWS,
Is especially adapted for mailing.

LAST CALL THIS SEASON.

We have decided to continue our Half Price Sale for two more weeks. We are willing to sell our goods below cost, so as to make room for Spring Goods which are coming in.

Don't Miss This Sale.

PARIS HOUSE,
20-26 Broadway.

Ph. Moskovitz, Prop.

SPEARS NEW COOKING RANGE.

Excels all others for economy, for abundance of hot water, for continuous fire, day and night. For baking and broiling it has no equal.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

WM. K. COVELL.

Tapestry Goods

A nice line of tapestry desk goods on hand including

Desk Pads.
Blotters,
Letter Racks,
Book Racks,
Bill Files, etc.

These goods are reasonable. Call and see them.

HERRMANN,

204 Thames Street.

Abram Almy Co.,

Coal and Wood.

173 THAMES STREET.

Telephone 957.

California Ripe Olives.

Quart Tins	40c
Pint "	25c
21 oz Glass Bottles	65c
12 oz " "	35c

Jas. H. Drury & Co.,

Grocers and Wine Merchants.

243 and 245 Thames Street.

FOR THIS WEEK

Gabriel Treat Co. Canned Peas
Excelsior
Petit Pois Extra Fine
2 for 25c.

BURLINGAME & CARRY.

"Meet Me at Barney's"

What Harry Lauder Says About the Jewett Piano:

"The Jewett Piano by its sympathetic human tone lends an inspiration that helps me to do my best. It is the amazing skill of the American piano-builder [illegible] perfection.
(Sgd.) Harry Lauder.
New Haven, Conn.
March 1, 1910."

This piano can be obtained in Newport only at

Barney's Music Store,

140 Thames Street.

NOVELTIES and CONFECTIONERY

For St. Patrick's Day.

Green Cream Mints,
Glace Green Mints,
Green Mint Paste,
Green Sugar Almonds,
Green Sunshine Kisses,
Green Seashells.
Fancy Candy Boxes and a variety of favors appropriate for the day.

F. P. GARRETTSON & CO.,

18 & 20 Washington Square.

Telephone 68 and 69.

"Still They Come."

New customers every day, that are dissatisfied with the coal they have been buying and very glad to get back to the old reliable

"OLD COMPANY'S COALS"

Keep coming, everybody. We have a big stock on hand of the best coal that comes out of the ground, in all sizes. Red and white ashes, SCREENED CLEAN and delivered promptly from

THE PERRY COAL COMPANY.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

[Matters for this department should be sent in before 12 o'clock on the day of issue, or it cannot be used.]

SECOND BAPTIST Church. Clarke Street. Geo. W. Quick Pastor. Services of Worship and Communion 10:15 A. M. Bible School 12:15. Children's Service 2:30 P. M. Evening Worship 7:30 P. M. Strangers are invited, visitors welcome.

CHANNING MEMORIAL Church (Unitarian), Pelham Street, opposite Touro Park. William Safford Jones, Minister. 10:45 A. M. Public Worship, followed by the Communion Service. The minister will preach. 12:15 P. M. Sunday School and Kindergarten. All welcome.

FIRST BAPTIST JOHN CLARKE MEMORIAL. Spring near Broadway, Rev. Edward A. Johnson, D. D., Pastor. Morning Worship and Communion 10:15. Sermon Subject, "The Fullness of Christ." Evening Worship 7:30. Sermon Subject, "The Looks of Jesus." Welcome.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SERVICES. Sunday 10:45 A. M. 18 Bellevue Avenue. Subject "Man." Wednesday Evening Services 8 o'clock.

"The Fellow Who Lost His Chance." Talk by Mr. W. H. Chapin. Y. M. C. A. Sunday 5 P. M. Public.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN Church. Broadway and Equality Park. Rev. N. J. Sproul, Minister. Morning Service (Communion) 10:45. Evening Service 7:30. Mr. Sproul will preach at both services. All seats free. A cordial welcome to strangers.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN Church, Coune St. Hilding Myreen, Pastor. 10:30 Morning Service, subject "The Seeking of God and How to Find Him." 12:00 Sunday School. 8:00. Evening Service Lenten Study from the History of the Passion of Christ. You are cordially invited.

CENACLE CONVENT. A meeting for the propagation of the Faith will be held tomorrow afternoon. The Rev. Father Walsh, will give the conference at 4:00 o'clock.

There will be a retreat for Ladies given at the Convent of the Cenacle beginning Monday evening, March 7th to Friday morning the 11th, by a Passionist Father.

ST. GEORGE'S EPISCOPAL Church. Rhode Island Avenue. Rev. George Vernon Dickey, Rector. Litany and Holy Communion 10:45. Sunday School 12:15. Evening Prayer and Sermon 7:30.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL Church. Marlboro Street. Pastor, Joseph Cooper. Administration of the Holy Communion by Rev. C. A. Stenhouse of East Greenwich Academy at 10:45 A. M. Sermon by Mr. Stenhouse at 7:30 P. M.

MIDDLETOWN.

Results of the Enumeration of the Town School Census Under the New Age Limit.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The age limit in the enumeration of the town school census for 1910 having been raised to 18 years, as against the 5-to-15-year limit of 1909, the following result is reported: Number of boys in 1910 attending public schools, 119; in 1909, 99; number of girls attending public schools in 1910, 116; in 1909, 100; total for 1910, 235; and for 1909, 159. The number of boys attending parochial schools in 1910 was 3, and in 1909, 1; number of girls attending parochial schools in 1910 was 1, and in 1909, none; total in parochial schools in 1910, 4; in 1909, 1. The number of boys attending private schools in 1910 was 3; in 1909, 1; number of girls attending private schools in 1910, 1; in 1909, 3; total for 1910, 4, and for 1909, 4. The number of boys not attending any school in 1910 was 26; in 1909, 19; number of girls not attending any school in 1910, 17; in 1909, 16; total not in any school in 1910, 43; in 1909, 35. The whole number of boys enumerated in 1910 was 151, and in 1909, 120; whole number of girls enumerated in 1910, 135; in 1909, 119; total number enumerated for 1910, 286, and for 1909, 239.

The increase in the age limit is for future reference. The law, at present, does not compel children to attend school after 15 years of age. For 1910, the enumeration gave the number as 16 children attending school at the age of 15, 12 at the age of 16 and 6 at the age of 17. Aside from the increase in the age limit, there has been a general increase of 21 pupils from last year.

One of the largest gatherings of the season attended the semi-monthly dance of the E. J. Club Friday evening at Oakland Hall. Music was furnished by Mr. Winifred Carter on the piano and Mr. Irving A. Cory on the violin, with Mr. William Abny as prompter. Mr. Augustus Alles, violin, who has assisted in furnishing the music for the club dances several winters past, has given up public playing for the present. During the evening light refreshments were served.

Mrs. William Livesey Brown of the West Main road has been suffering from an ill turn the past week. Her cousin, Miss Phoebe E. Thurston, is with her.

Mrs. James T[illegible]ber who has been very ill is improving slowly.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union is planning to give a concert the latter part of the month.

Mr. William Frank Carr, who has been in the Newport Hospital since February 22, is improving steadily, and able to see visitors.

Bluebirds were heard in this town yesterday.

DIVIDEND NUMBER NINE.

News Employes Rewarded for Faithfulness and Industry.

Given Checks Representing About Six and One-Fifth Per Cent of Wage of Each Recipient.

Today the employes of the Daily News received their ninth annual profit-sharing dividend. Accompanying the cheques which each employe for the full year 1909 received was the following note, which explains itself:

DIVIDEND No. 9.

The Daily News has closed another year in its history, and the annual account has been made up. The financial result of the year's activity is satisfactory, and shows the untiring industry and faithfulness of those who "make the paper."

It gives me pleasure to enclose herewith a check for your part of the dividend in fulfillment of my plan announced in October, 1901. My satisfaction is the greater because the checks are somewhat larger than those distributed heretofore, which will in some measure meet the recognized increased cost of living. Checks for Dividend number 9 amount to $1,175.32 and represent about six and one fifth per cent of the wage of each recipient.

The amount distributed to the Daily News employes under this arrangement is $7,822.52. With the checks go my appreciation and thanks to my employes for their loyalty and help in making the Daily News what it is.

T. T. PITMAN.

Newport, R. I., March 5, 1910.

CHOWDER, MUSIC AND SPEECHES

Young Men's Republican Club Celebrates Its Fifth Anniversary in Interesting Manner.

The Young Men's Republican Club held a very interesting meeting in the Parish House of the United Congregational Church last evening, to celebrate its fifth anniversary. Tables were set in the large assembly room, the officers and speakers occupying seats at the head table. An excellent chowder was served by Colonel Herbert Bliss, the entertainment being under the direction of the committee of the club, of which Mr. Frederick P. Lee is chairman. There were about 50 members present.

During the business meeting, at which Colonel Edward A. Sherman, the new president of the club, presided, eight new members were elected, and other routine business was transacted. Colonel Sherman acted as toastmaster, speaking briefly of his appreciation of the honor which the club had conferred on him in electing him president. He also spoke of the growth of the organization, saying that at its first annual dinner 125 persons were present, and at the fourth dinner, there were 400 present. In introducing the various speakers Colonel Sherman showed a pleasing aptitude to present them in well-chosen appropriate remarks.

Hon. Robert S. Burlingame, the first president of the club, was first called upon and made a characteristic speech, showing how much the Newport club is appreciated throughout the state, and how that knowledge that he had an active organization of young men behind him had helped him and the other members of the Newport delegation in their legislative work. He spoke, also, of the work of the Republican party in the state and country, and told the club how it could still further help the party. In conclusion Mr. Burlingame paid a glowing tribute to the new president, who, he said, had been one of its most active and ocent workers from the start.

After a duet by Dr. H. H. Luther and Mr. James F. Marden, Mr. H. Stuart Hendy accompanying, Mr. Alvah H. Sanborn, the second president of the club, was called upon and spoke on the work individuals can do for the party by attending the caucuses, voting at elections and sustaining the chosen representatives in their work. Mr. Fred Harry sang "Gypsy John," and responded to an encore by rendering "I Love a Lassie," the members of the club joining in the chorus.

Mr. William R. Harvey, vice president of the club, spoke of the commission appointed by Governor Pothler to re-district the state and the governor's determination to have a fair redistricting. He said that in his work on the commission he would keep always in mind the governor's purpose, and he believed that when the report is made and enacted into law the people of the state would be convinced that it had been a fair, equitable division of the state into Assembly districts.

Mr. Daniel U. Boone then sang a song of his own composition, in which there were a number of local hits, which pleased the audience. Mr. William McLeod spoke at considerable length of the need of the Republicans working not only at election time, but also between times, to be always on the alert for the good of the party. Former City Solicitor Max Levy spoke along the same lines. Dr. Luther sang another solo, refusing to respond to the hearty applause which followed it, but making a brief "speech," in which he replied to certain things which had been said during the evening, which seemed to be of a personal nature. The evening was closed by the singing of "The Battle Hymn of the Republic" and one verse of "America."

ACTIVITY AT THE SHIPYARDS.

Already Several Boats Being Fitted Out for the Season.

Bliven's Big Cat Bought by Cloyne School, and to be Changed into an Auxiliary Sloop.

The first of March seems early to talk of fitting out; yet that is what Captain Winslow Morton is doing with sloop yacht Cara, Vice Commodore R. P. Jenckes of the Rhode Island Yacht Club. It was December 1 when the yacht was laid up for the winter at Williams & Manchester's yard, and the fitting out for 1910 started promptly March 1. Mr. Jenckes has a well-equipped craft, and has some fun out of it in the course of the long season. Some minor repairs are being made to the boat by Williams & Manchester.

Captain George Cope also made a start at fitting out his auxiliary catboat Wave at the shipyard March 1. Since then he has had several fine days—in fact, the weather suggests fitting out, and the Richardson Bros. have made a start on the Restless at the shipyard.

Walter Bliven has sold to the Cloyne school the big catboat Hazel, the largest catboat ever, all seem to agree. The Hazel was built by Mr. Bliven's father, the late Luke Bliven, which is of itself a guarantee that she is first class in every way. She was built for his own use, and he has sailed her practically alone as far as Albany up the Hudson and all along the New England coast, so that she has become well known to catboat men as the largest craft of that rig which they have met along the coast. When she was built she carried a mainmast 56 feet long, which seemed to suit her dimensions, but was a big stick to carry in the bows. This carried away, and a shorter stick has since been used.

The Hazel was built by Luke Bliven on Spring wharf in the old shop in 1893, and was, according to the shipping register, 11 tons, 31.8 feet on the water line, 13.4 beam and 4 feet deep. She is 38 feet over all and has a beamy look, being well equipped with deck room as well as cabin accommodations, on account of carrying her beam so well forward and aft.

She is to be changed into an auxiliary sloop. When Mr. Bliven built her he made a step and hole for changing her into a sloop if the cat rig did not balance well, but the balance was found to be so perfect that he was able, even in his last days, to sail the craft without assistance. With the change of rig comes the installation of a 15 horse-power Ferro motor, which is in place. The old-fashioned keel was amply thick for a propeller shaft, and the change was easy. The boat is now being fitted at Bliven's, and should be an ideal boat for the boys of the school to cruise about in, as the boat is safe and able and there is an abundance of deck room for lounging and cabin room in case of a storm. She will have a 42-foot mast, which is on the dock, and her new sails are ready to be bent as soon as the engine work is finished.

Dennis Shea, who owns the old yawl Cymba, formerly owned by Mr. Richards, has had her changed into a house-boat at Bliven's yard. Her sides were carried up a foot and a large deck house was built, affording ample cabin accommodations.

Some of the Greek fishermen who have their boats hauled out at Bliven's are beginning to get them ready for the season.

Work is progressing at Williams & Manchester's yard on the new catboat for Admiral Selfridge, which is so near completion that it may be said to be almost done. The new dory tender for J. H. Fehlberg is also well along, and will be ready as soon as he puts his big launch into commission.

It is reported that the big launch Helen has been sold to a Providence yachtsman. She has been fitted out inside in good style, and is a fine boat for cruising.

Work on Mr. Lorillard Spencer's launch Rover at the shipyard has lagged of late, owing to the stock for the forward deck house not arriving; but things are ready to rush work as soon as the stock is received.

BUSINESS AT A LOW EBB.

Few Fresh Fish, and Cold Storge Plant Nearly Empty, but Herring Are Beginning to Come.

The fishing business seems to be at a low ebb. The haddock have gone off shore and the cod are few, the flounders are scarce and the "dabs" are scarce also, and the price low, so that the fisherman's lot is not a financial success just now. However, the weather has been pleasant for the past few days, and they have had a chance to go outside and try, and there have been some good catches of codfish, Jim Kelly in the Catspaw securing a good fare, which looks well when the size of his outfit is considered. The fishermen have to go 20 to 30 miles for cod, but what they catch are good fish. With a little fine weather they ought to make a better showing than they have in the past month or so, when weather conditions were unfit for fishing.

The first herring of the season are reported—early, but none the less welcome. It may be a sign that it is to be an early spring, or it may be just stray herring which wandered from their own waters. The fishermen hope, however, that it means spring is really coming soon.

A porcupine fish was one of the attractions at Lawton's this week. It looked like a piece of bark off a marine tree, and simply served to show how closely those beam trawls can scrape things at the bottom.

The cold storage plant will probably take a much needed vacation in a few days. Next week it is expected that all the fish will have been shipped, and then the plant can be shut down for a thorough overhauling and cleaning. Owing to the scarcity of fresh fish this winter, there has been no trouble about disposing of all the fish the cold storage plant had. As these fish were put in absoluetly fresh, and right from the fishing boats, they were in the best possible shape, and persons who ate them say they tasted just as good as though they were right from the boats.

PROFESSOR CROSBY'S READING.

"The Great Divide," which Professor Crosby is to read under the auspices of the Epworth League of the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal Church, was written by Professor William Vaughan Moody. It was originally called, "The Sabine Woman," but the name was changed at the suggestion of Miss Margaret Anglin, who, with Henry Miller, produced the play in this country four years ago. It at once became a sensation, and was hailed by the critics as "the great American play." It is full of telling situations and is written in a literary style. It is poetry in prose.

The play is built around the philosophical idea of pre-destined love. The contest is between the broad, healthy mind of the West, unhampered by tradition, and the conventionally trained mind of the East, filled with a stuffy parochial bigotry. The great expression of the philosophy of the drama is saved for the third act of the play.

Professor Crosby added it to his repertoire this winter in his annual series of readings at the Churchill House, Providence, and it made a deep impression on his audience. His rendering of Stephen Ghent was appreciated as a distinctly different type of character from that of any other he has read.

"CLOTHES."

Among the plays to be presented by Miss Leigh DeLacy during her week's engagement at the Opera House is "Clothes," a comedy of modern American life by Avery Hopwood and Channing Pollock, made familiar to theatregoers by Miss Grace George, and in which she starred for two seasons. It deals with the fondness of New Yorkers for pretty clothes, and not only New Yorkers but society people in general, and the eagerness of Olivia Sherwood, the heroine, for one stunning gown in particular. Her appetite for finery precipitates herself and her friends into no end of trouble, until a comfortable solution is finally reached, in the last act. The plot of the play unfolds the always alluring and lively emotions of feminine caprice, and it has many strong moments which serve to set off its humor in high relief.

Miss Leigh DeLacy.

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sale, FURNITURE, Etc.,

From Griswold (twelve room) cottage, Champlin street, removal to Auction Room, corner Washington Square and Farewell St.

Will be sold WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9th, 10 o'clock A. M.

Oak Extension Table (round) nine Dining Chairs, Parlor Chairs and Tables, Black Walnut and Oak Chamber Sets, Winthrop Range with water back, Oak Mirror and Coat Hanger combined, Couch Sofa, Curtains, Portieres, Hair Mattresses, Box Springs, Blankets, Spreads, Pillows, Bolsters, Rugs, Dishes, etc. A nice clean lot of goods.

FRED. W. GREENE, Auct'r

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Mortgagee's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of the power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage Deed, made by Charles E. Lawton to THE SAVINGS BANK OF NEWPORT, dated July 30, 1908, and recorded in Volume 48, pages 188 and 189, of the Mortgages Land Evidence of the City of Newport in the State of Rhode Island, breach of the condition of said Mortgage having been made and still existing; the undersigned, The Savings Bank of Newport, will sell at public auction, on Whitfield Court in front of the land hereinafter described, on **MONDAY, the 28th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock, noon,** all the right, title and interest which said Charles E. Lawton had at the time of the execution of said Mortgage, and did by said Mortgage convey, in or to that lot of land in said Newport with buildings and improvements thereon, bounded Westerly on Whitfield Court; Northerly on land of Stephen P. Barker, and Easterly and Southerly on lands of Henry W. Gillett; said property being all that was granted by said Mortgage deed which deed is hereby made part thereof.

And The Savings Bank of Newport hereby gives notice that it intends to bid for said property at said sale thereof.

THE SAVINGS BANK OF NEWPORT,
By Grant P. Taylor, Treasurer.
Newport, R. I., March 5, 1910.

FOR

EASTER NOVELTIES

—AND—

CANDY

GO TO

LIBBY'S,

9 BROADWAY.

ELECTRIC LIGHT.

You can cut your bills in half or get twice as much light for the same price by using

TUNGSTEN LAMPS.

OLD COLONY ST. RAILWAY CO.

Illuminating Dept.,

449-455 Thames Street.

Tel. 28

HOWARD,

Painting Contractor.

Best Work in Every Branch of the Business.

OFFICE 21 EVERETT STREET.

MUST HAVE ORIGINAL LETTERS.

Chief Postoffice Inspector to Investigate Matter Sent to Congressman.

CHICAGO, March 5.—The McKinley Park postal station is in the stock yards district. The letters probably will be forwarded to Chief Postoffice Inspector Stuart here. "This is the first I have heard about the matter," said Stuart last night," but I cannot do anything until I get the original letters."

SCHOOL LECTURES.

Superintendent Lull of the public schools, in a bulletin to the teachers, announces that Mr. A. N. Palmer of New York city will speak at a general meeting at the Rogers High School Monday afternoon, March 14. Mr. Palmer will meet the school board in the evening.

Mr. Lull also announces the subjects and dates for the annual Coles lectures to be given by Mr. Frank M. Greenlaw, M. E., head of the science department of the Rogers High School, in the Coles laboratories, as follows: Thursday evening, March 10, "Electric Waves in Relation to Wireless Telegraphy;" Thursday evening, March 17, "Earth Catastrophies."

COAL

Of All Sizes.

Clean Coal a Specialty.

Heirs of George Bowen

Telephone 915.

The NEWPORT JOURNAL AND WEEKLY NEWS.

NEW BOOKS.

The Spirit of America,
By Henry van Dyke
THE TOWER OF IVORY,
By Gertrude Atherton,
MARY CARY.
BRIDGE PADS and SCORE CARDS,
The SILHOUTTE BRIDGE WHIST SCORE PAD.

SIMON HART,

202 THAMES STREET

Telephone 304.

Carr's List.

AN IMPERIAL MARRIAGE,
By Arthur W. Marchmont,
THE HAVEN,
By Eden Phillpotts,
THE FORTUNE HUNTER,
By Louis Joseph Vance,
THE LIVING MUMMY,
By Ambrose Pratt,
AN APPEAL TO THE BOY,
By Dr. William H. Peters

DAILY NEWS BUILDING.

19c The LAPPIN Store 19c

SATURDAY SPECIAL

19 CENT SALE.

All items offered in this special sale are **from our regular stock** and valued at from **twenty-five to thirty-nine cents.**

We could not afford to do this right along as it would be quite expensive. But we **will do it all daySaturday** if the goods hold out.

Quantity.	Articles.	VALUE.
10 Doz.	Ladies' Muslin Drawers	25c
12 "	Children's Muslin Drawers	25c
7 "	Children's Muslin Skirts	22c
15 "	Ladies' Chamois-lined Cashmere Gloves	25c
8 "	Children's " " Cashmere Gloves	25c
8 "	Misses' Wool Golf Gloves	37½c
3 "	Maline Bows (colors)	25c
2½ "	Ladies' Muslin Ties (colored ends)	25c
6 "	Men's Silk Four-in-Hand Ties	25c
5 "	Ladies' Elastic Belts (assorted)	25c
3 "	Boys' and Men's Leather Belts	25c
5 "	Shell Barrettes (plain and fancy)	25c
15 "	Ladies' Linen Initial Handkerchiefs	25c
10 "	Men's Linen Initial Handkerchiefs	25c
10 "	Ladies' Lace Edge Emb. Handkerchiefs	25c
3 "	Infants' Wool Vests	25c
4 "	Infants' Wool Bands	25c
3 "	Misses' Swiss Ribbed Vests	25c
15 "	Ladies' Fleeced Vests and Pants	25c
5 "	Children's Vests and Pants	25c
10 "	Ladies' Gauze Vests and Pants	25c
8 "	Ladies' Gingham Aprons	25c
3 "	Ladies' Striped Gingham Petticoats	37½c
8 "	Ladies' 10-Button Cloth Gaiters	50c
2 "	Children's Wool Sweaters (small)	75c
10 "	Infants' Cashmere Hose	25c
15 "	Children's Wonder Hose	25c
12 "	Ladies' and Children's Lisle Hose	25c
8 "	Men's Black Cotton (split sole)	25c
3 "	Boys' Blouse Waists	37½c
3 "	Stork Pants (small)	25c
5 "	Infants' Wool Sacques	35c
3 "	Infants' Silk & Bearskin Pokes & Caps	50c
1 Gross	Shell Hair Pins (per box)	25c
12 "	Merrick's Darning Cotton (per doz)	35c
10 "	English Brass Wire Pins, 5 pkgs	25c
5 Doz	Men's Boston Garters	25c
3 "	Sanitary Tooth Brushes, for 3	45c
10 Piec's	5 inch Taffeta Hair Ribbons	25c
12	Hair Turbans	25c
30 B'x's	Neck Ruching (6 lengths)	25c
75 Yds	Venise Edges and Insertions	25c
150 "	Torchon Edges and Insertions (5 yds)	25c
150 "	Nainsook and Cambric Embroideries 4½ to 13 in. wide	25c
10 Doz	Children's Teddy and E Z Waists	25c
5 "	Men's Dress Suspenders	25c

19c SATURDAY ONLY 147 Thames St. 19c

The LAPPIN Store.

L. W. COUDRAY.